

# INPE Algorithm for Tracking Precipitating Systems

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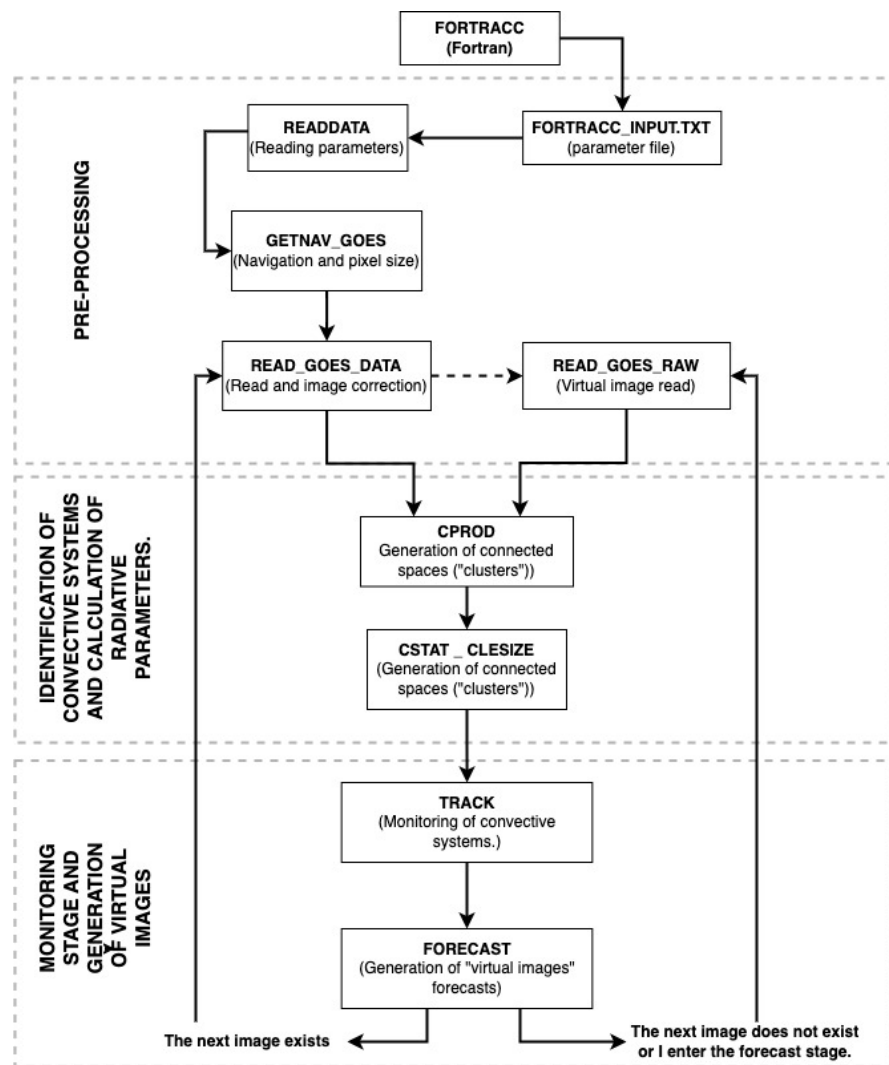
MINISTÉRIO DA  
CIÊNCIA, TECNOLOGIA  
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# Background

## Tracking: ForTraCC



### Forecast and Tracking the Evolution of Cloud Clusters (ForTraCC) Using Satellite Infrared Imagery: Methodology and Validation

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#### ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to develop and validate an algorithm for tracking and forecasting radiative and morphological characteristics of mesoscale convective systems (MCSs) through their entire life cycles using geostationary satellite thermal channel information (10.8  $\mu\text{m}$ ). The main features of this system are the following: 1) a cloud cluster detection method based on a threshold temperature (235 K), 2) a tracking technique based on MCS overlapping areas in successive images, and 3) a forecast module based on the evolution of each particular MCS in previous steps. This feature is based on the MCS's possible displacement (considering the center of the mass position of the cloud cluster in previous time steps) and its size evolution. Statistical information about MCS evolution during the Wet Season Atmospheric Mesoscale Campaign (WETAMC) of the Large-Scale Biosphere-Atmosphere Experiment in Amazonia (LBA) was used to obtain area expansion mean rates for different MCSs according to their lifetime durations. This nowcasting tool was applied to evaluate the MCS displacement and size evolution over the Del Plata basin in South America up to 120 min with 30-min intervals. The Forecast and Tracking the Evolution of Cloud Clusters (ForTraCC) technique's performance was evaluated based on the difference between the forecasted and observed images. This evaluation shows good agreement between the observed and forecast size and minimum temperature for shorter forecast lead times, but tends to underestimate MCS size (and overestimate the minimum temperature) for larger forecast lead times.

[https://journals.ametsoc.org/view/journals/wefo/23/2/2007waf2006121\\_1.xml](https://journals.ametsoc.org/view/journals/wefo/23/2/2007waf2006121_1.xml)



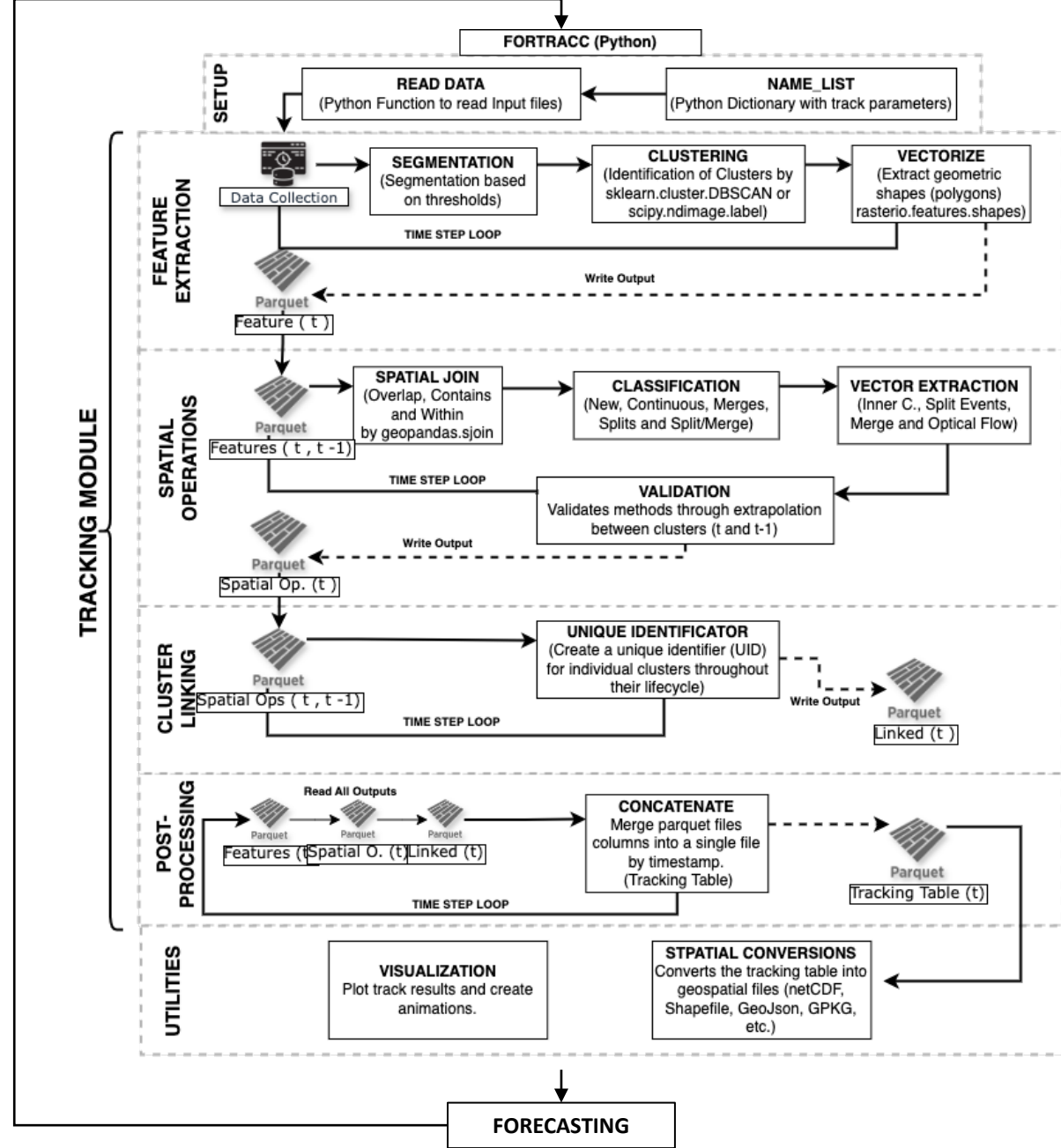
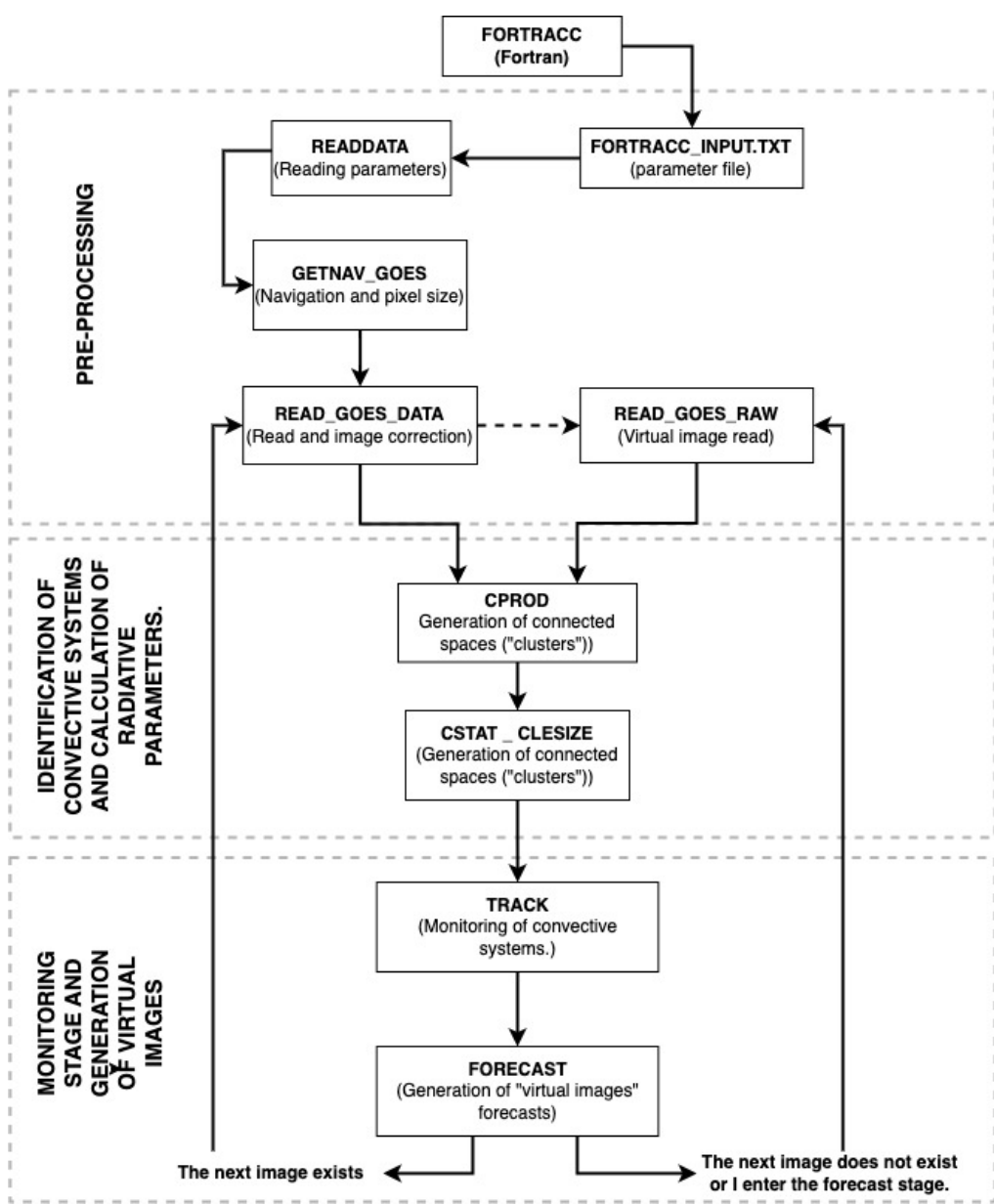
# New ForTraCC

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Forecasting and Tracking the Evolution of **Cloud** Clusters (ForTraCC)

A **Python** Forecasting and **Tracking** the Evolution of **Configurable** Clusters (ForTraCC)

“**Configurable**” instead of “**Cloud**”: The term “**configurable**” implies that the clusters being tracked can be *adjusted or modified according to specific configurations or parameters*. This indicates flexibility in how the clusters are defined and monitored, allowing for customization based on varying criteria or user preferences.





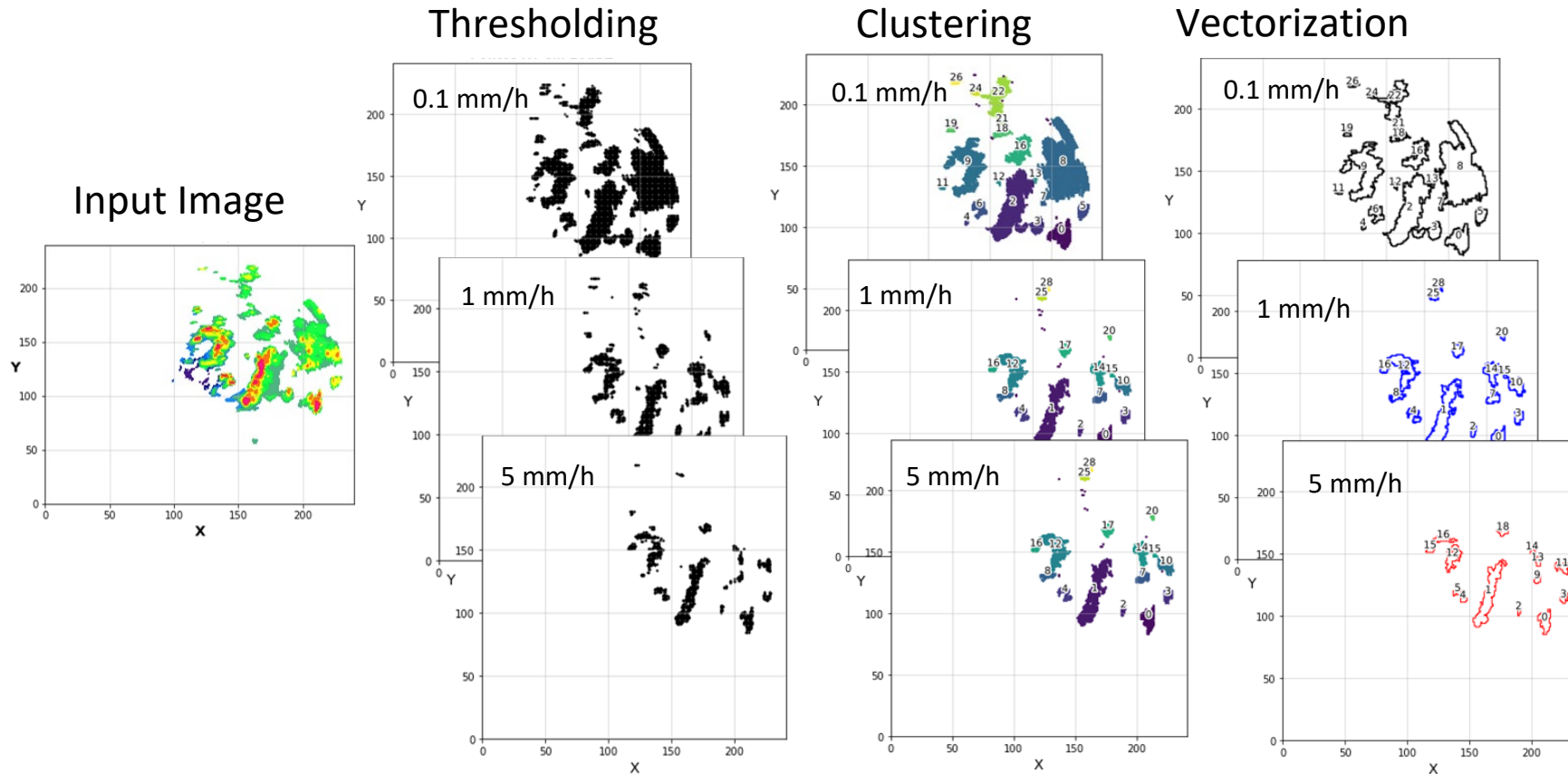
# pyForTraCC

## ForTraCC Heritage vs New Approaches

ForTraCC heritage

ForTraCC heritage  
or New clustering

New Approach





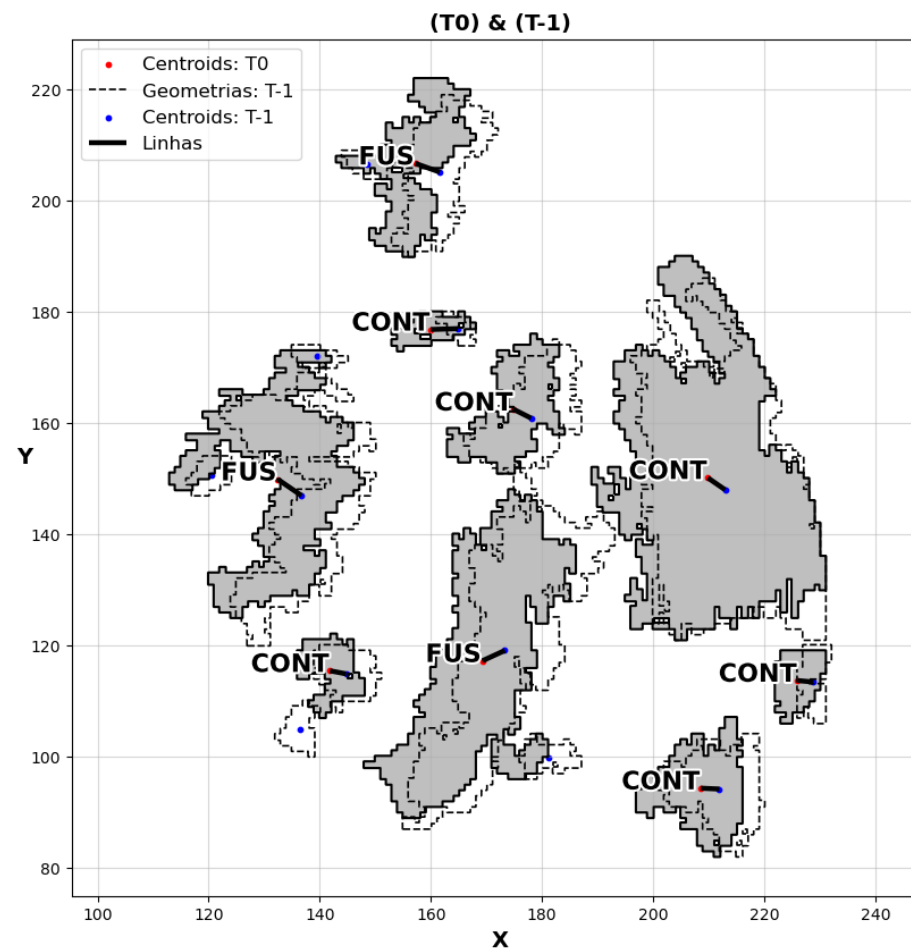
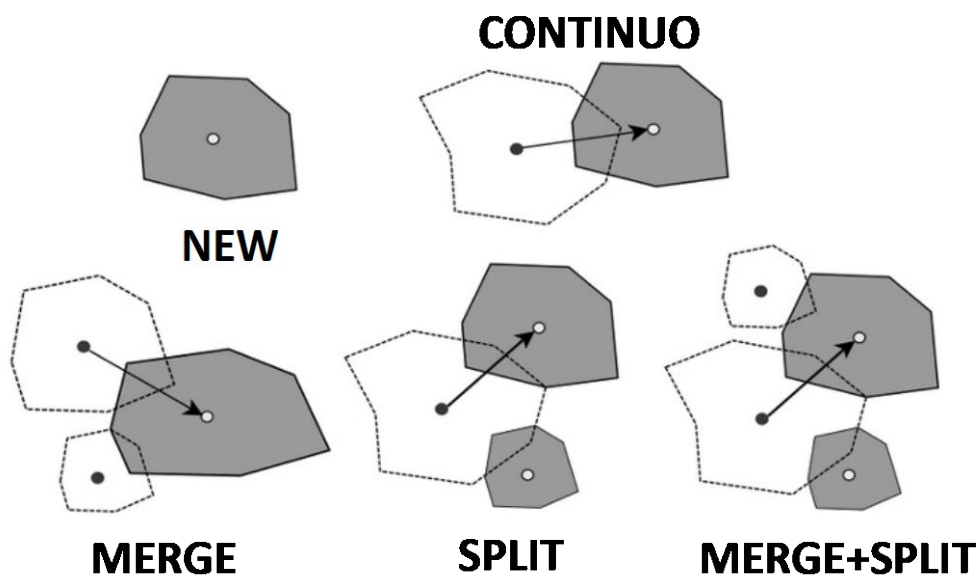
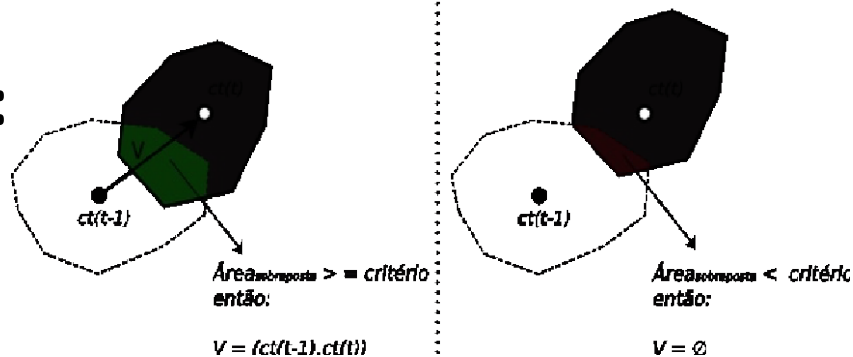
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## ForTraCC Heritage vs New Approaches

Overlapping:

ForTraCC heritage

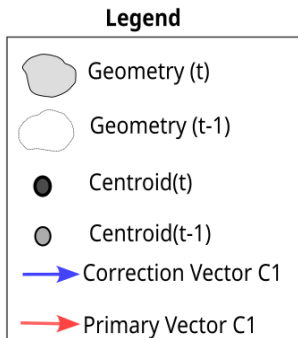
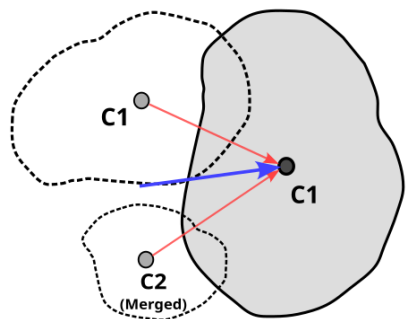
Centroid Based:



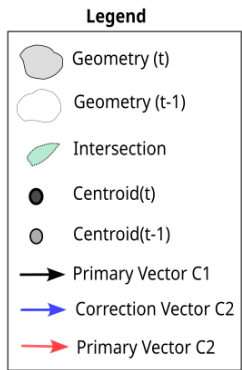
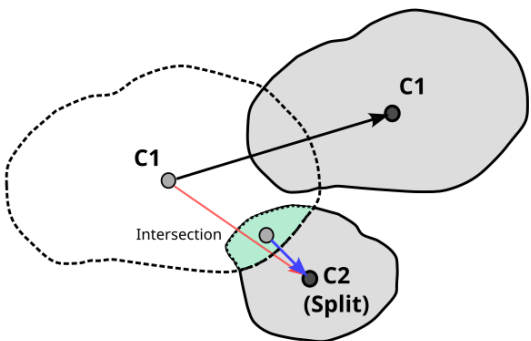


# pyForTraCC

## Merge Correction Method (MCor)

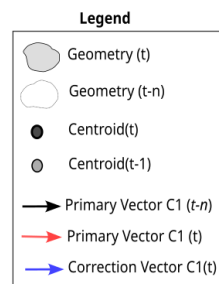
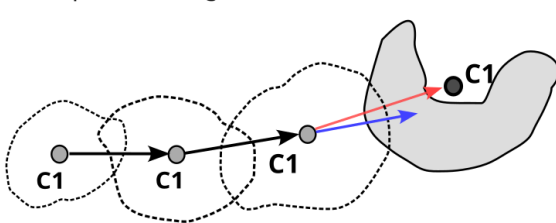


## Split Correction Method (SCor)

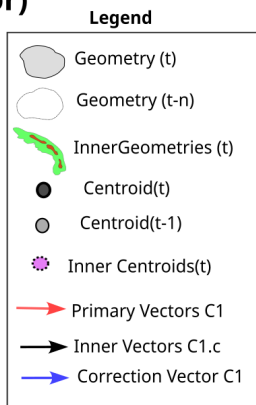
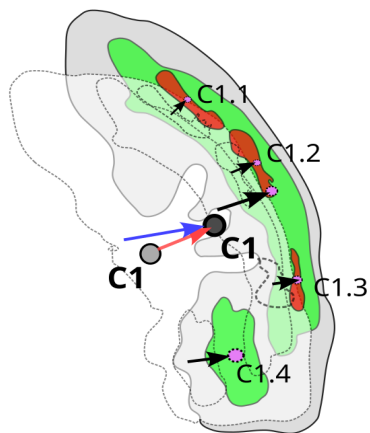


## New Displacement Vector Corrections

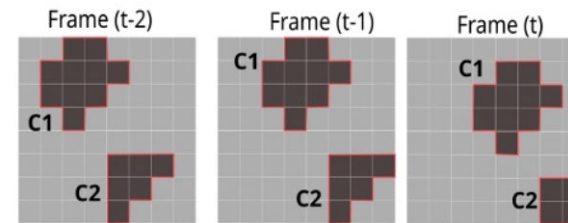
### Temporal Average Correction Method (TCor)



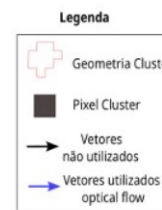
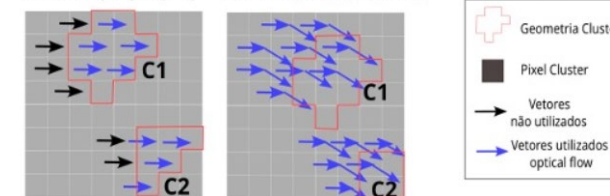
### Inner Cores Correction Method (ICor)



### Optical Flow (OFCor)



Frames (t-2) e (t-1)    Frames (t-2), (t-1) e (t)



More are coming...



**POD:** It is the ratio between the number of correctly predicted events and, the number of observed events.

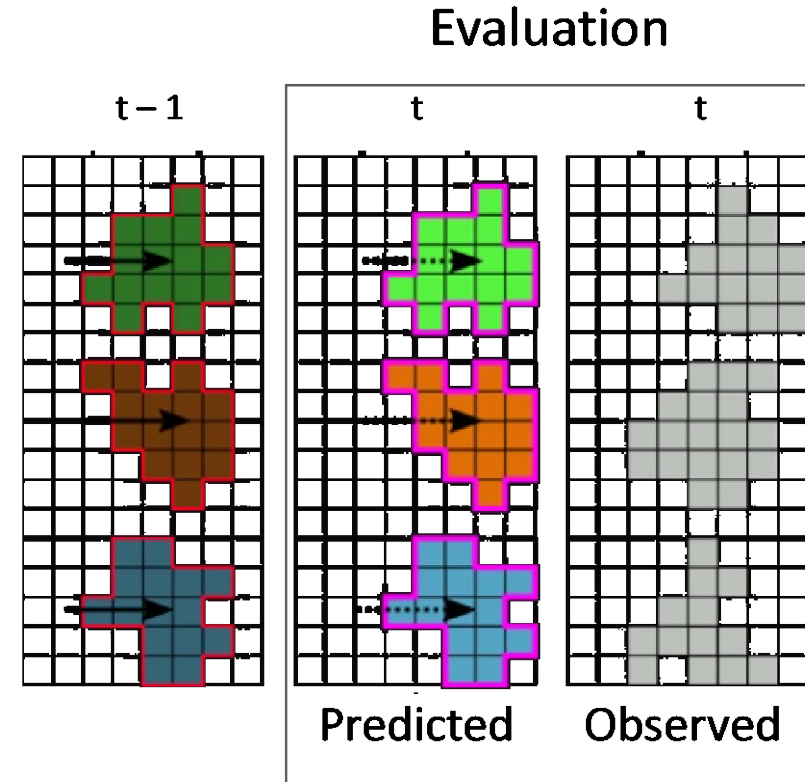
$$\text{POD} = \text{Hit} / (\text{Hit} + \text{Miss})$$

**FAR:** A measure of the frequency of occurrence of false alarms in a reference context.

$$\text{FAR} = \text{Hit} / (\text{Hit} + \text{False Alarm})$$

**CSI:** Measures the fraction of observed and/or forecast events that were correctly predicted.

$$\text{CSI} = \text{Hit} / (\text{Hit} + \text{Miss} + \text{False Alarm})$$

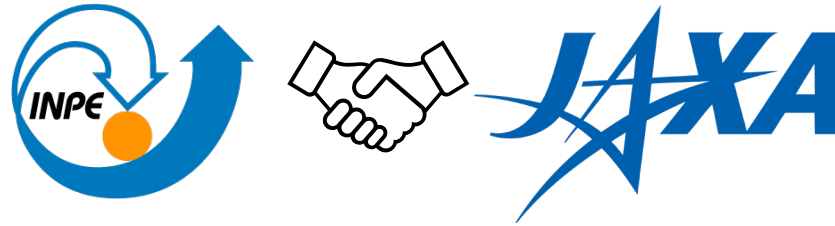






# New Challenges

## Global Precipitation projects



Thanks:

Dr. Takuji Kubota

Dr. Tomoo Ushio

**JAXA GLOBAL RAINFALL WATCH** 世界の雨分布速報

日本語 Last Update: 13 Sep 2023 16:48:34 UTC

Users Guide (documents) User Registration GSMaP Realtime GSMaP Climate RIKEN Nowcast Precip. Forecasts Weather Realtime

Date: 2023 / 9 / 13 12:00-12:59 UTC Submit

GSMaP\_NRT Cloud Rain Time and Satellite

12h rainfall accumulation 24h rainfall accumulation 72h rainfall accumulation

What's new

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Case studies demonstrated by TRMM/GPM/GSMaP G-Portal GSMaP Links

Endereço remoto: /standard/v8/hourly\_G

- /? .now
- /? climate
- /? now
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- /? realtime\_ver
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26 pastas

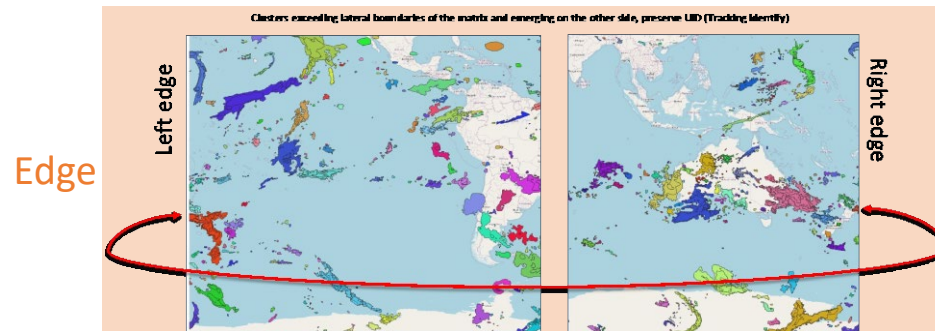
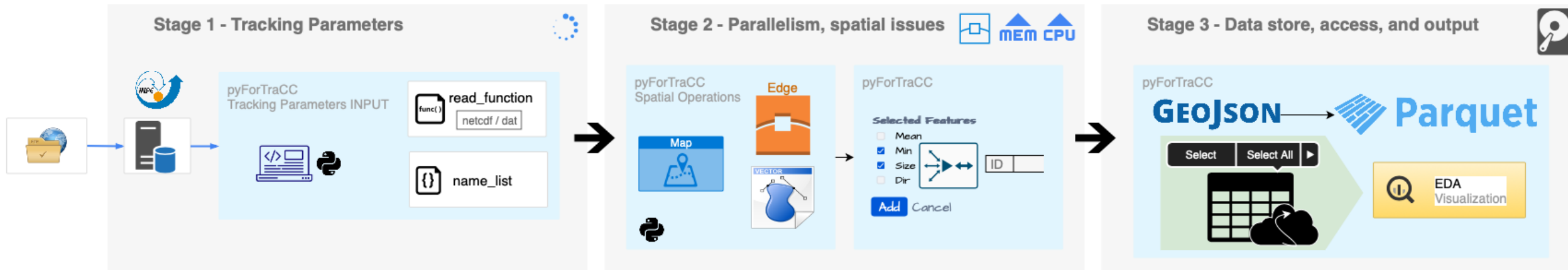
**GSMaP new version (v8) updated in Dec. 2021**

Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency  
Earth Observation Research Center



# pyForTraCC

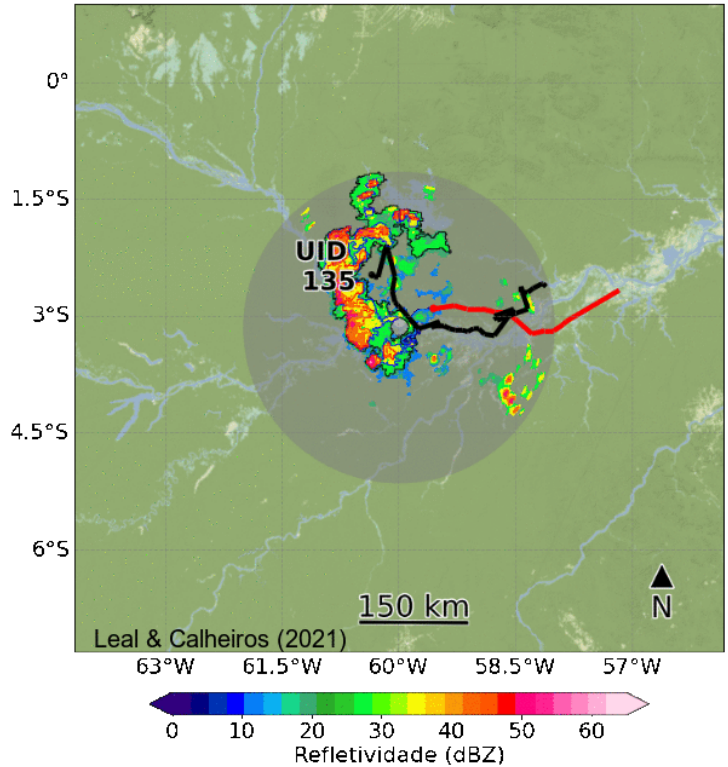
## Big Data



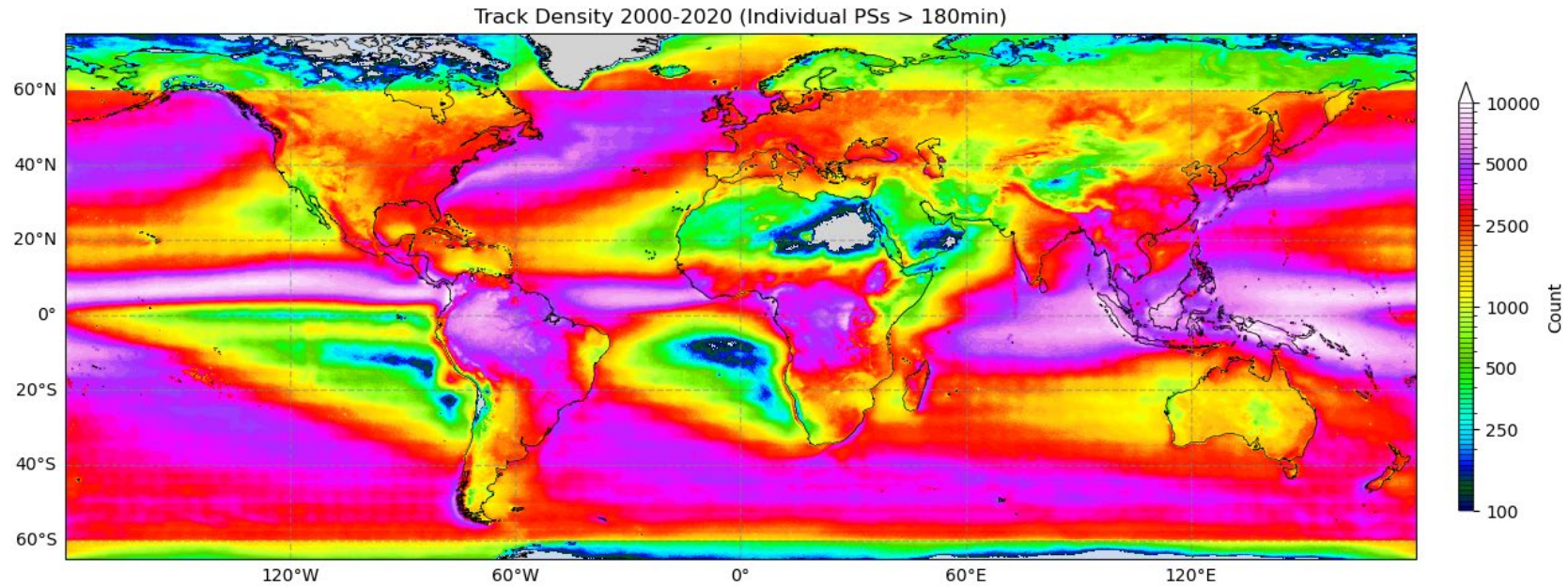


### RADAR - dBZ

Data : 2014-08-16 14:36:00



### GSMaP 20 years climatology of precipitating events



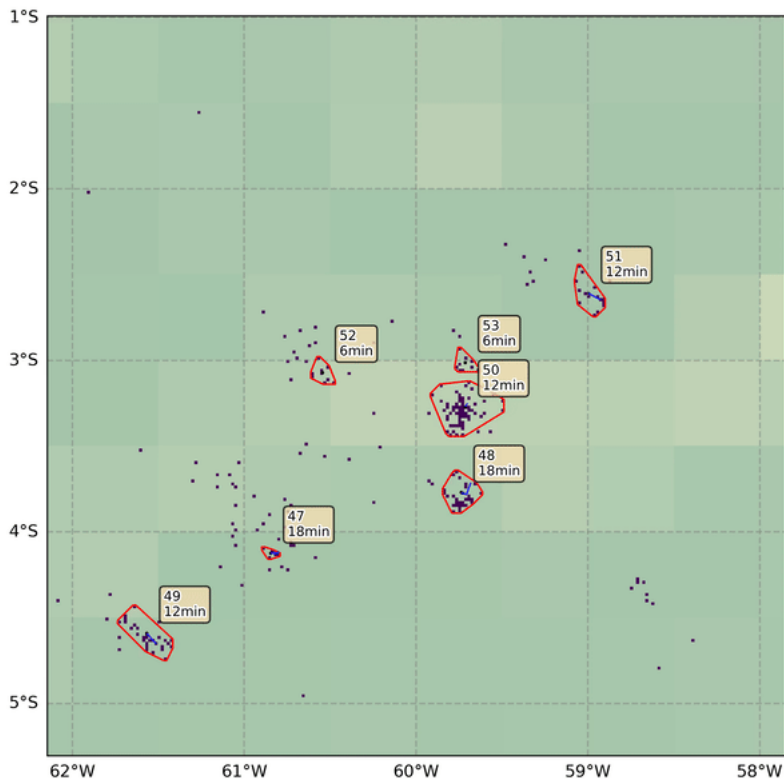


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## Multiple Objects (Variables)

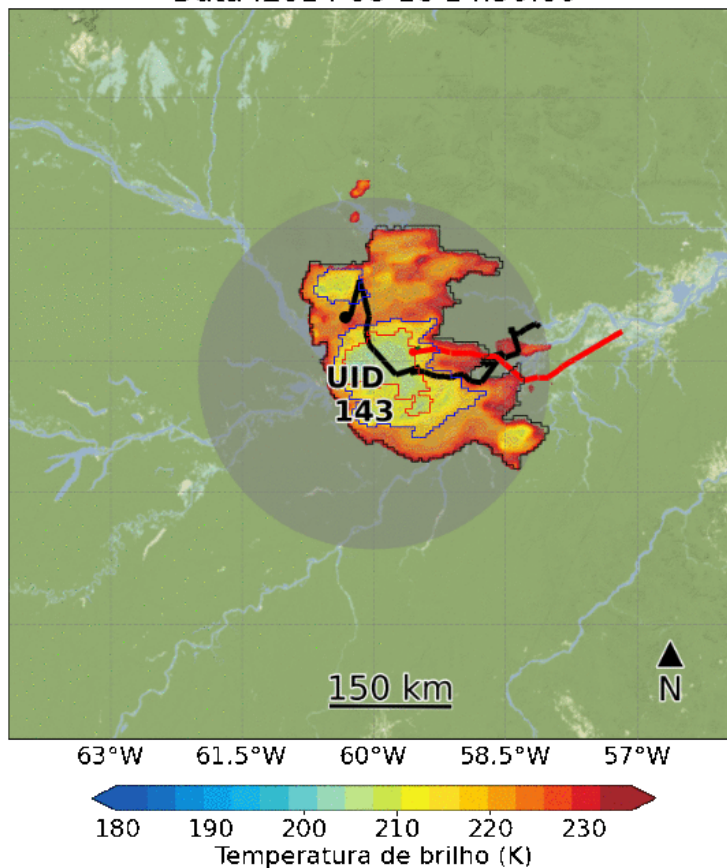
### Amazon LIGHTNING Cloud-Ground (STARNET)

Track: 2014-10-06 16:00:00



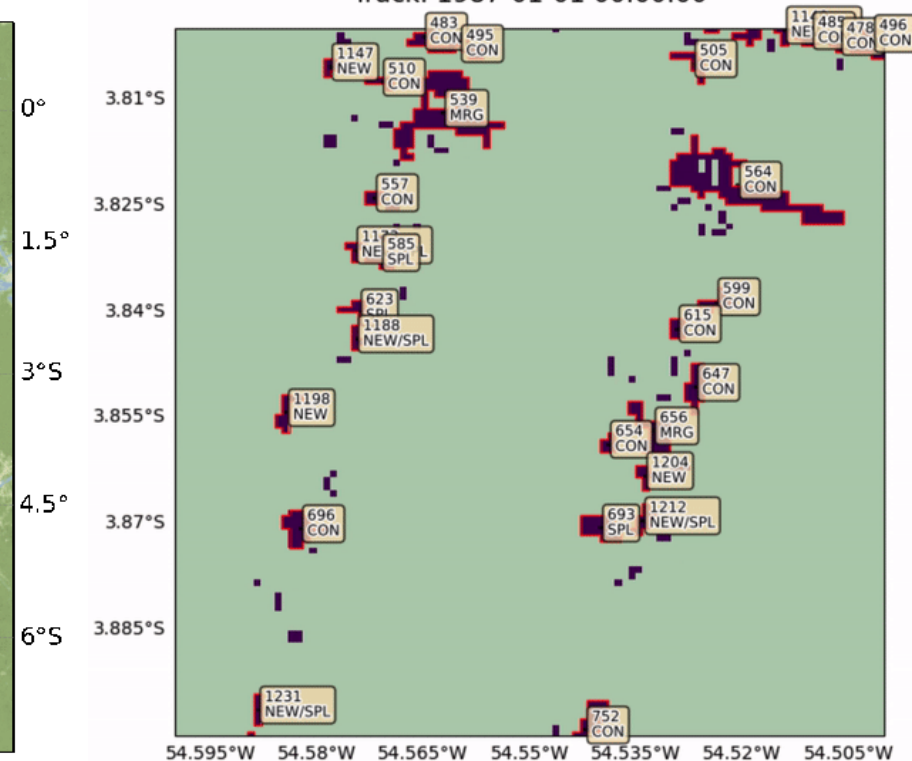
### Amazon Satellite Infrared (GOES)

Data :2014-08-16 14:30:00



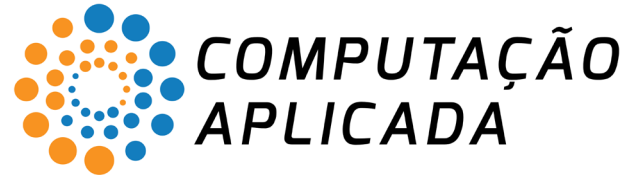
### Amazon Deforestation MapBiomas

Track: 1987-01-01 00:00:00





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Obrigado!  
Thank you!

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