Updates of AMSR2 Level 2 (Geophysical Parameters) to Ver.4 (Research Product)

JAXA/EORC

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Ver.4 Updates

- In Ver.4 updates, following research products are updated or newly added. Those products are stored in the second and third layers of "Geophysical Data" in the standard SST product file.
 - 1. 10GHz Sea Surface Temperature: 2nd layer (updated)
 - 2. Multi-band Sea Surface Temperature: 3rd layer (newly added)



CCOMWI)

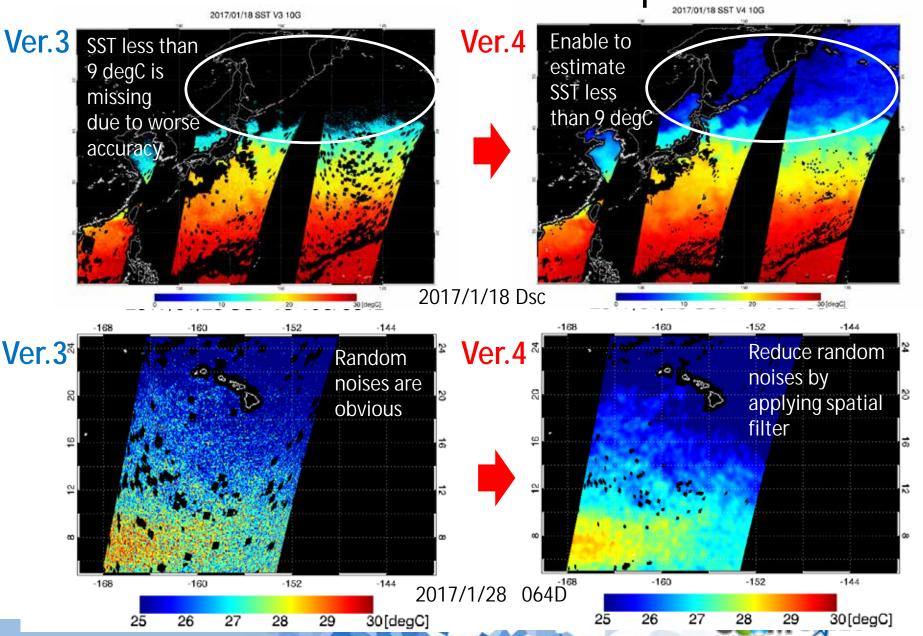
1. 10GHz Sea Surface Temperature

- Algorithm Pl
 - Dr. Akira Shibata (RESTEC)
- Major improvements
 - Correction of positive trends since the late 2017, especially found in Ascending orbit
 - Apply spatial filter to reduce random noises
 - Enable to estimate SST under 9 degC by improving calibration of low brightness temperature
 - Enable to estimate SST closer to the coast (about 30km off the coast)
- Validation
 - Matchup AMSR2 and buoy data included in NOAA iQuam Ver.2.1 buoy dataset with time difference within 2 hour and distance less than 30 km. AMSR2's 10 pixels near the buoy are averaged when SSTs are spatially homogeneous (differences of max and minimum SST is less than 3 degC).
 - Period: from July 2, 2012 to December 31, 2018



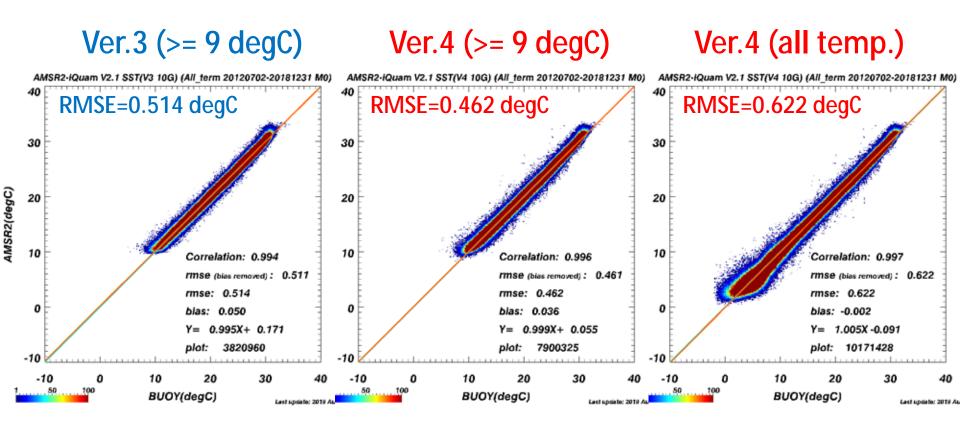
GCOM-WI

1. 10GHz Sea Surface Temperature



GCOM-WI

1. 10GHz Sea Surface Temperature



* All orbits (A+D)

Ver.4 products provides all SST that achieved target accuracy (0.8 degC) although SST less than 9 degC has worse accuracy than higher SSTs.

2. Multi-band Sea Surface Temperature (new)

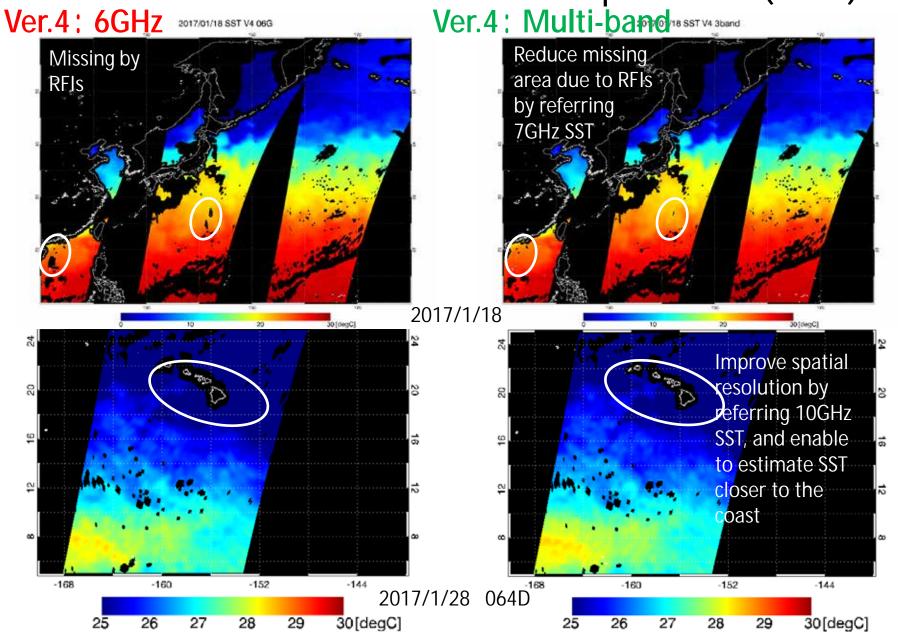
- Algorithm PI
 - Dr. Akira Shibata (RESTEC)
- Target
 - To improve SST estimate near the coastal area and spatial resolution
- Characteristics
 - Stored in the third layer of the standard SST product to complement it
 - Produce SSTs using each 6.9, 7.3 and 10.65GHz brightness temperature to mitigate missing areas due to RFIs and rainfalls
 - Enables to estimate SST closer to the coast by determination of effects due to RFIs in each SST
 - Reduce noises found in current (Ver.3) 6 and 10GHz SSTs by applying improved spatial filter with less degradation of spatial resolution to expand areas where 10GHz SST with finer spatial resolution can be used

Validation

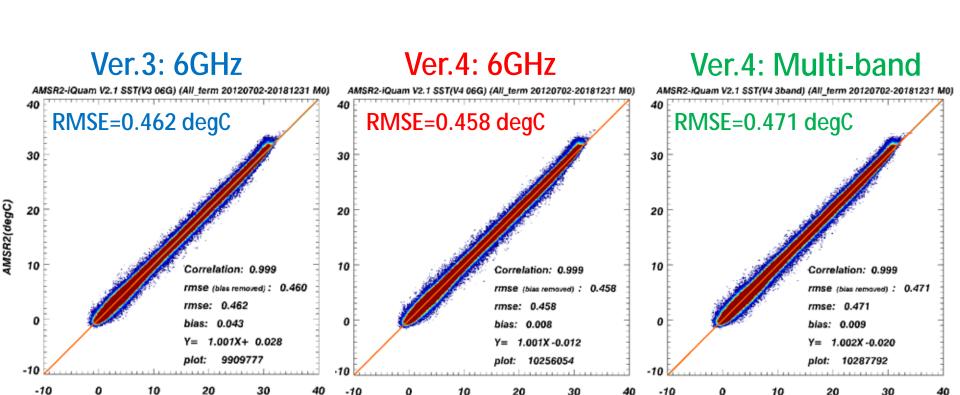
- Matchup AMSR2 and buoy data included in NOAA iQuam Ver.2.1 buoy dataset with time difference within 2 hour and distance less than 30 km. AMSR2's 10 pixels near the buoy are averaged when SSTs are spatially homogeneous (differences of max and minimum SST is less than 3 degC).
- Period: from July 2, 2012 to December 31, 2018



2. Multi-band Sea Surface Temperature (new)



2: Multi-band Sea Surface Temperature (new)



BUOY(degC)

* All orbits (A+D)

BUOY(degC)

Multi-band SST achieves not only target accuracy of research product (0.8 degC) but also standard accuracy of standard SST (0.5 degC).

BUOY(degC)



Sea Surface Temperature (SST:6G SST, 10G SST)

No	Status	bit7∼bit4 Error			bit3∼bit0 Normal				Unsigned byte	Signed byte	
01	Normal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	10GHz : strong wind (15-23m/s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
03	10GHz : SST (Sea Surface Temperature) below 9 degC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2
04	10GHz : strong wind (15-23m/s) and Sea Surface Temperature below 9 degC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	3
03	incident angle error	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16	16
04	land area	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	32	32
05	sea ice	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	48	48
06	sun glitter	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	64
07	rain, abnormal Brightness Temperature	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	80	80
08	abnormal SST (Sea Surface Temperature) or RFI (Radio Frequency Interference)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	96	96
09	6GHz: strong wind 10GHz: strong wind (above 23m/s)	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	112	112
10	cold SST (Sea Surface Temperature) (below minus 2 degC)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	-128

Notice: The Accuracy of the No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 is worse than No. 1.





AMSR2 Ver.4 Multi-band SST Quality Flag

Sea Surface Temperature (SST: Multi Band SST)

No	Status	bit7~bit4 Error			bit3~bit0 Normal				Unsigned byte	Signed byte	
01	Normal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	land area in 6GHz SST (Sea Surface Temperature)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	4
03	incident angle error	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16	16
04	land area	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	32	32
05	sea ice	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	48	48
06	sun glitter	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	64
07	rain, abnormal brightness temperature	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	80	80
08	abnormal SST (Sea Surface Temperature) or RFI (Radio Frequency Interference)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	96	96
09	strong wind	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	112	112
10	cold SST (Sea Surface Temperature) (below minus 2 degC)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	-128

Notice : The Accuracy of No. 2 is worse than No. 1.

Evaluation results of research products

Released	No	t released			Updated
Geophysical Parameters		Target (Rele	ase) Accuracy	Latest Validation Results	Product Status
All-weather sea surface wind speed (V3)		± 7 m/s (high winds)		± 3.95 m/s (>= 16 m/s)	Released
10GHz sea surface temperature (V4)		± 0.8	3 degC	± 0.48 degC (>= 9 degC) ± 0.62 degC (all temp.)	Released
Land surface temperature	nerature (V1)		±3 degC etation: ±4 degC	Forest: ±3 degC Nondense vegetation: ±4 degC	Released
Vegetation water cont	ent	± 1 kg/m²			Validating
High-resolution sea id concentration	ce	± 15 %			Validating
Thin ice detection (V	1)	80 % (correct answer rate)		> 88 % (Okhotsk, Bering sea, Hudson bay)	Released
Sea ice motion vector	or	± 3 cm/s (x & y components)			Validating
Soil moisture & vegetation content by land assimilation			ture: ±8 % ater: ±1 kg/m²		Developing
Integrated water vapor over (V1)	er land		(except ice & tion area)	RAOB: ± 3.5 kg/m ² GPS: ± 2.6 kg/m ²	Released
Sea ice thickness (< 20	cm)		ice: ±10 cm azil: ±3 cm		Developing
Sea ice thickness (>= 20	0 cm)	± 2	20 cm		Developing
Multi-band sea surface temperature (V4)		± 0.8	3 degC	± 0.47 degC	Newly released