

Project objectives

PALSAR ScanSAR imagery as an additional source of information for the DETER system and to publish recent deforestation areas (warnings) while overcoming the frequent cloud cover over the Amazonia region

Results

- ALOS PALSAR image Database (SIMA)
- Methodological procedure based on PALSAR ScanSAR multitemporal approach
- PALSAR ScanSAR deforestation polygons (100m) compatible to PRODES deforestation mapping (30 m).
- PALSAR ScanSAR better detected deforestation bigger than 1.0 km².

Problems to solve:

- Topographic effects
- Rainy season
- Soil moisture, local rainfall, flooded areas
- Straightforward segments classification

- Agreement of 83% with PRODES deforestation mapping, 62% of DETER, corresponding to 85% of deforestation area for the study site

- Deforestation areas can be detected before DETER Alerts – forest degradation.

K&C Science Team

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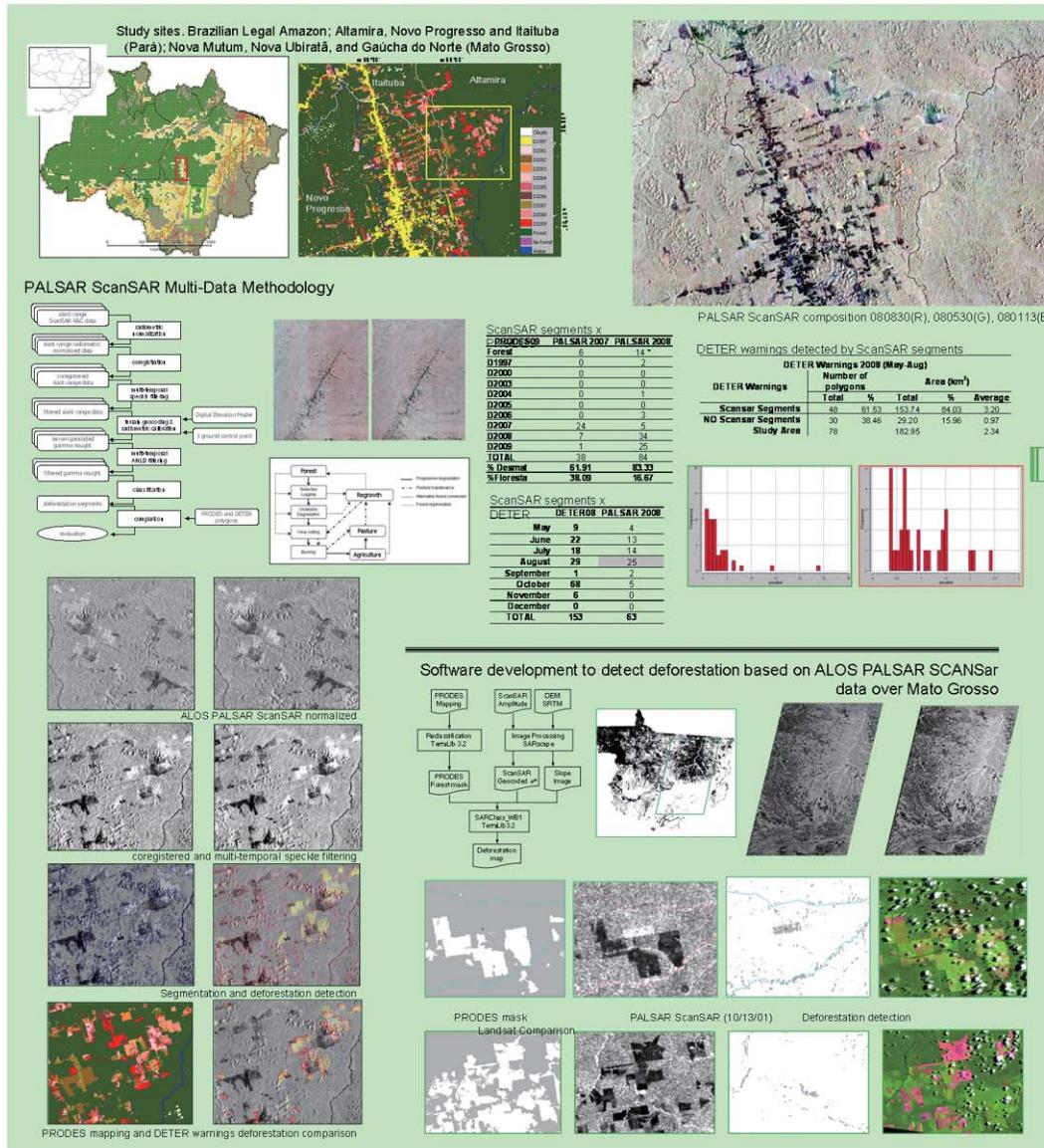
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ALOS PALSAR ScanSAR in support of the Brazilian Forest Monitoring Program

ALOS PALSAR data used

PARÁ: ALOS PALSAR ScanSAR - path (RSP406), descending mode (WB1, K&C format), slant range, HH polarization: 2007-05-28, 2007-07-13, 2007-08-28, 2008-01-13, 2008-05-30, 2008-08-30

Mato Grosso: ALOS PALSAR ScanSAR - path (RSP403), descending mode (WB1, K&C format), slant range, HH polarization: 2010/01/13

Other data sources

PRODES – 2009 (<http://www.obt.inpe.br/prodes>)

DETER – 2007 and 2008 (<http://www.obt.inpe.br/deter>)

TM/Landsat : 226/68 (10/03/18), 226/69 (09/03/15 and 09/10/01)

Softwares: ENVI, SarScape, SPRING and TerraView

Deforestation segments from ALOS PALSAR ScanSAR 2008 classification

