

Deforestation detection with PALSAR-2 ScanSAR HH&HV polarizations for JJ-FAST

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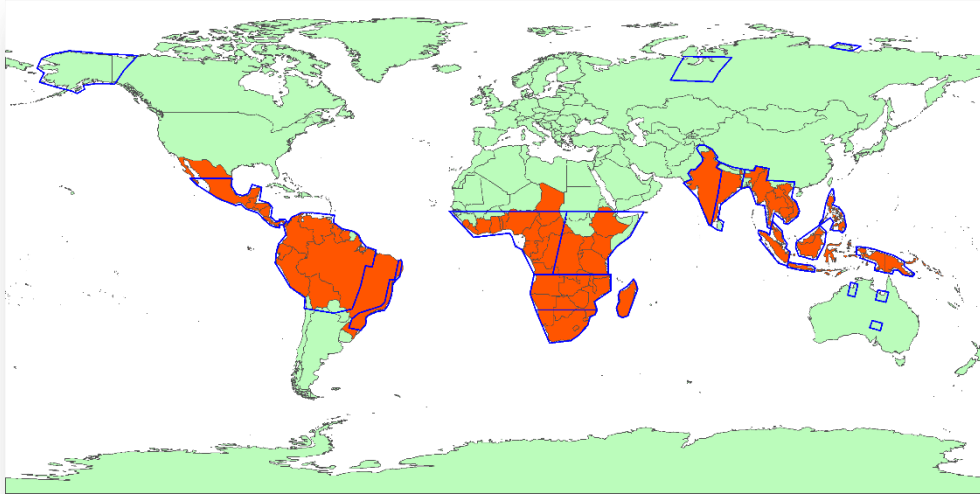
²JAXA

Outlines

1. **About *JJ-FAST***
(JICA-JAXA Forest Early Warning System in the Tropics)
2. **Field survey**
3. **Deforestation detection algorithm**
4. **Summary**

1. About JJ-FAST

- Early warning system for deforestation.
- “Cover 77 countries” containing tropical forest

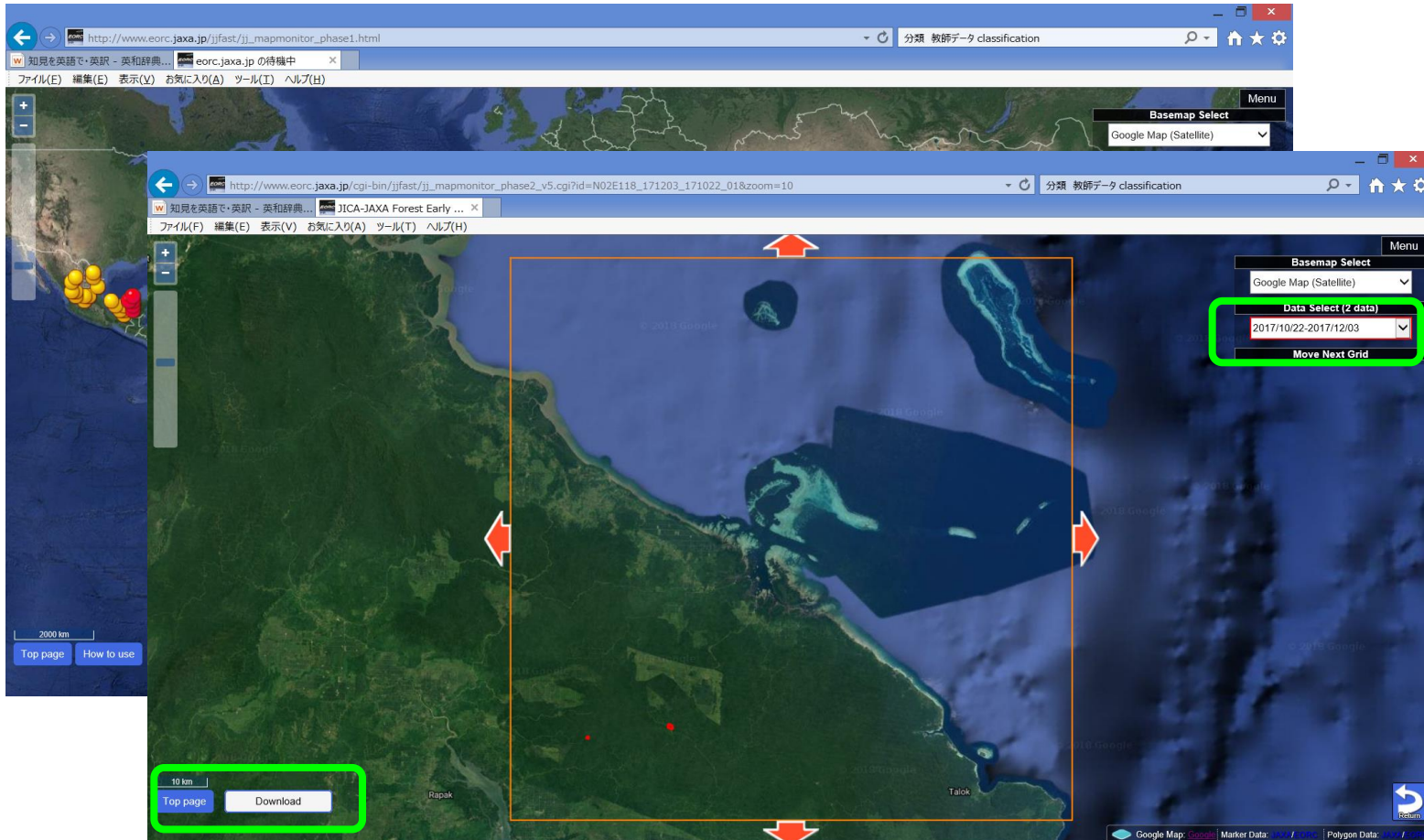


- “Every ~1.5 month” deforestation monitoring
- “Free access & data download from PCs and mobile devices” from anywhere in the world.
- “Deforestation in a rainy season” is detected through SAR (PALSAR-2)

JJ-FAST

Search

provide deforestation information
http://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/jjfast/jj_index.html



Freely available

- Deforestation polygon
- PALSAR-2/ScanSAR ortho-rectified slope corrected image (50m res.).

Brazil & Peru field survey

Sept. 26, 2017 ~ Oct. 16



Bulldozer working for deforestation



Traces of deforestation



Chain box for chainsaw



Bellow



Mark ?



Baggage of weed for cow

3. Deforestation detection algorithm

	JFY 2016		JFY 2017		JFY 2018
	11	12-3	4-9	10-3	4-
Target countries	Amazon	Amazon Africa	Amazon Africa	77 countries	
Deforestation Detection algorithm	HV Two data				HH & HV Multi-temporal
FNF mask	FNF 2010				

Deforestation

Time

Before deforestation

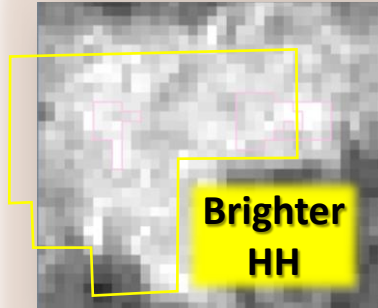
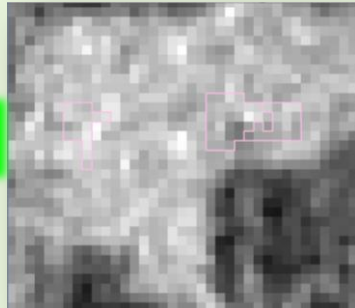
27/07/2017

Before burning
21/09/2017

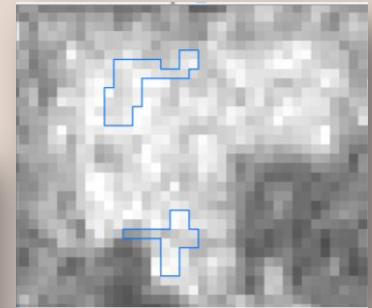
After deforestation

After burning
19/10/2017

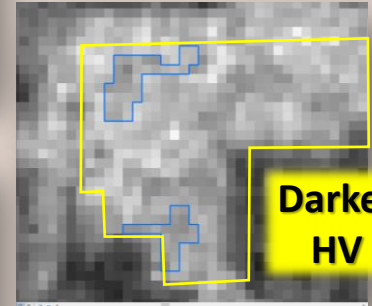
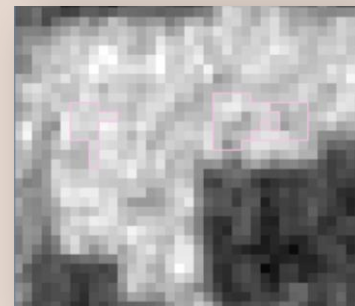
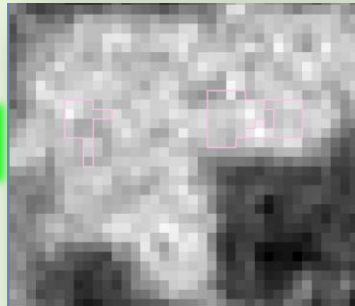
HH



30/09/2017



HV

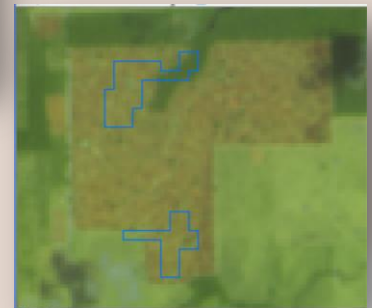


05/07/2017

23/09/2017

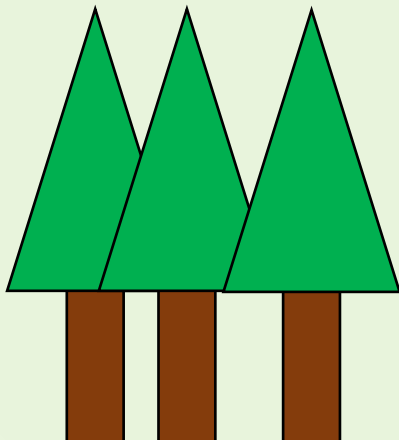
13/10/2017

Sentinel-2



Deforestation

Before deforestation



After deforestation

Before burning

- ✓ Brighter HH
- ✓ Method: **HH**, **HH × HV**

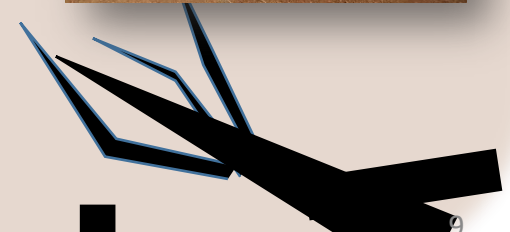


After burning

- ✓ Darker HV
- ✓ Method: **HV**, **HH/HV**



Time

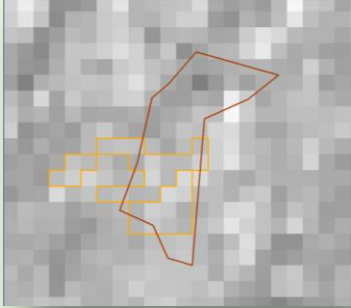


Deforestation detection during rainy season

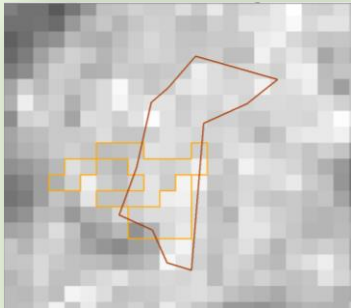
Before deforestation

23/02/2017

HH



HV

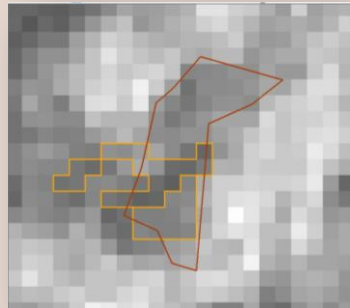
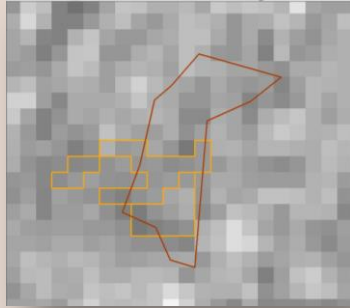


30/11/2016



After deforestation

06/04/2017



09/04/2017



05/10/2017



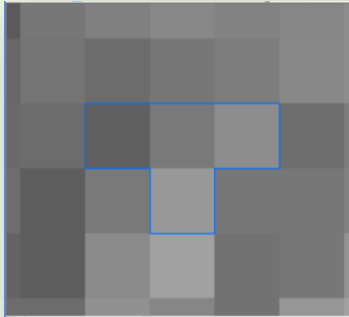
Flat soil
Branches collected.

Deforestation detection with 1ha size

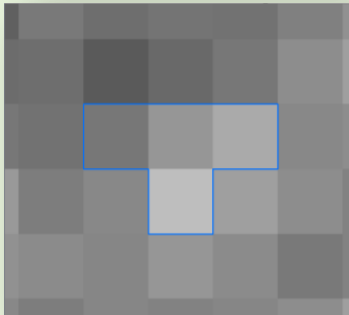
Before deforestation

20/07/2017

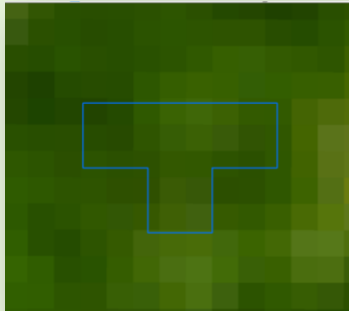
HH



HV

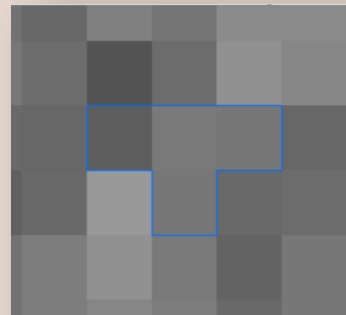
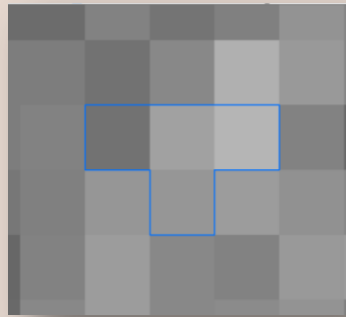


03/07/2017

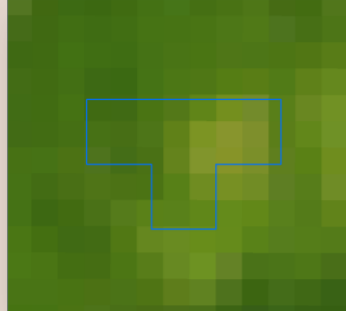


After deforestation

31/08/2017



21/09/2017



09/10/2017



Felled burned trees left.
Corn field.

Deforestation detection flow

Multi-temporal HH & HV

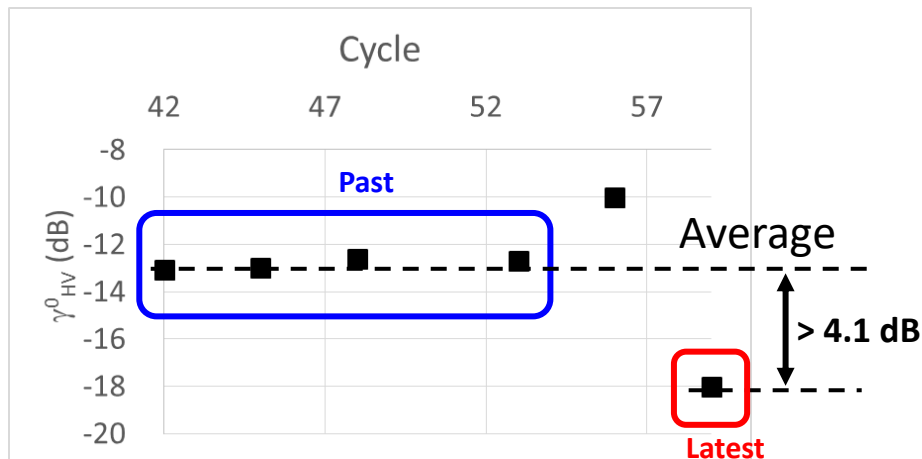
Mask non-forest &
apply segmentation

- Check HV, HH, HH/HV, HH \times HV variation to detect various deforestation stage
- Adaptive threshold level.



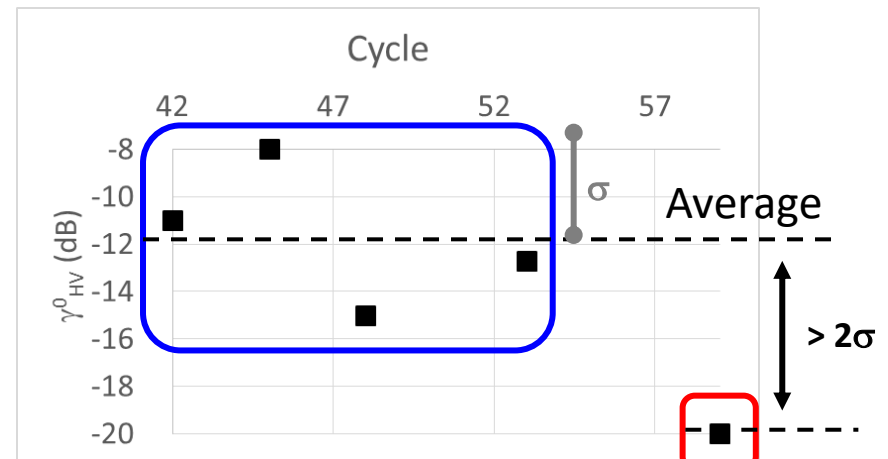
Smaller deviation

→ Fixed threshold level.



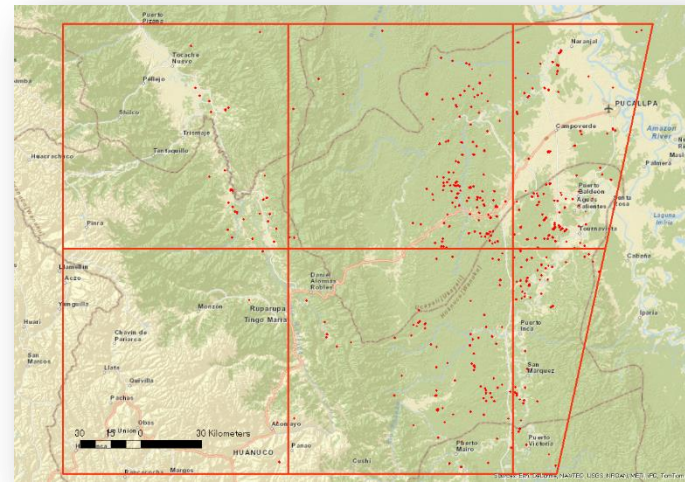
Larger deviation

→ Larger threshold level.



Detection accuracies

Place : Pucallpa(Peru)
 Condition : Dry season
 Automatic detection
 Minimum size 3ha
 Validation : GLAD
 Minimum size: 0.09 ha



	HH	HV	HH/HV	HH×HV	Total	HV (2 data)
Detected polygons	259	49	214	4	444	390
Correct polygons	203	36	178	3	346	80
Validation	20021	13598	20021	13634	20021	20021
User's accuracy	78.4	73.5	83.2	75.0	77.9	20.5
Producer's accuracy	1.0	0.3	0.9	0.0	1.7	0.4

- User's accuracy become lower during rainy season.
- Lower producer's accuracy is due to
 Validation data : >0.09 ha Detected polygon: > 3ha.
 Severe threshold level.

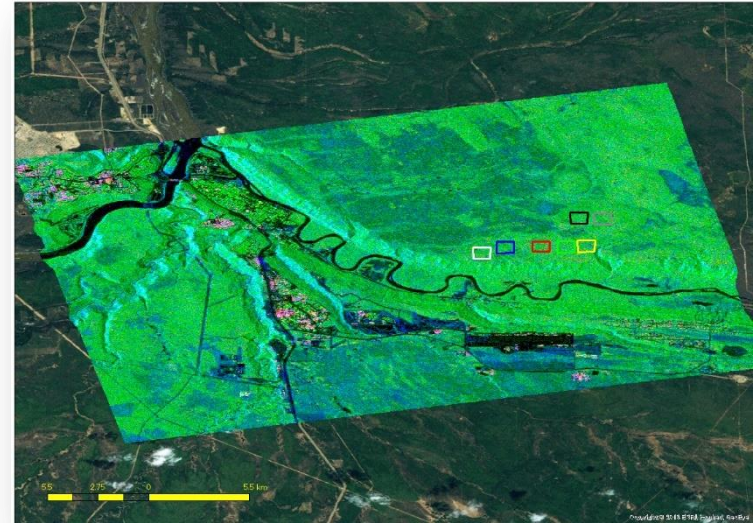
Polarization	Threshold (dB)	σ
HV	-4.1	2
HH	2.0	1
HH/HV	2.8	3
HH × HV	2.8	5

Parameter is under adjusting

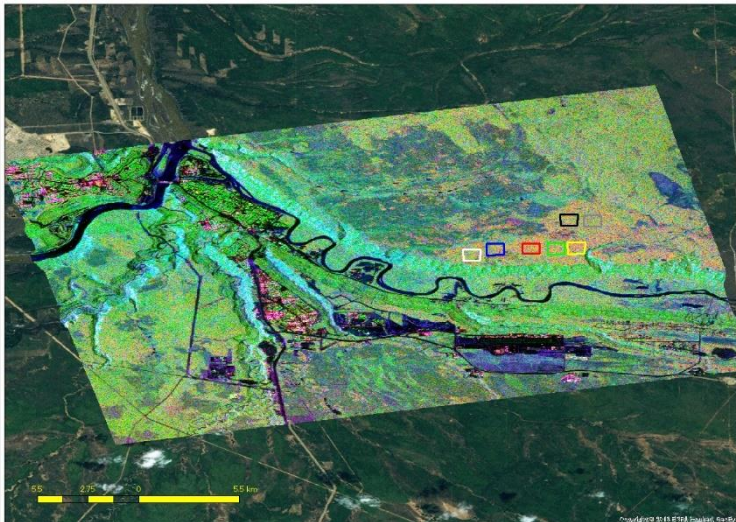
Forest fire detection

Sensor : PALSAR-2
Mode : Polarimetry

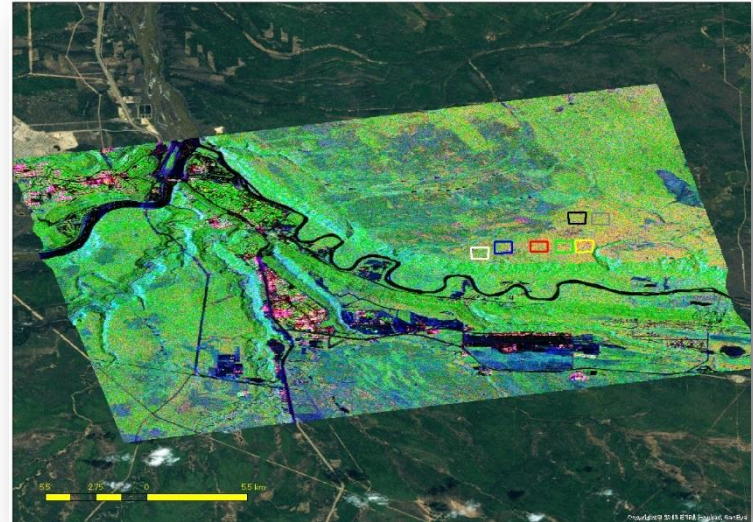
Before fire
(May 11, 2015)



Just after fire
(May 9, 2016)



After fire
(May 23, 2016)



Strong double bounce scattering after fire

R : double
G : volume
B : surface

4 pol. parameters before & after

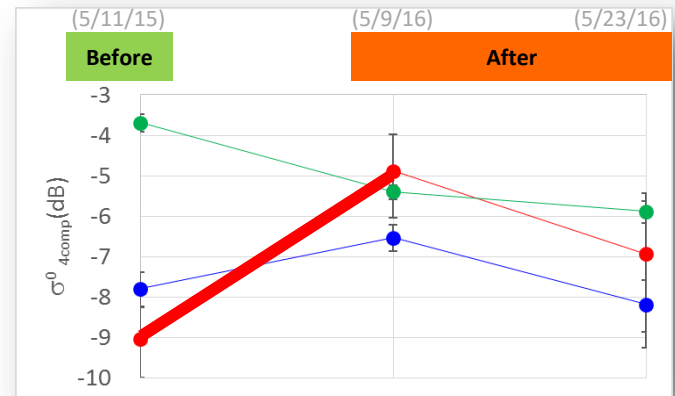
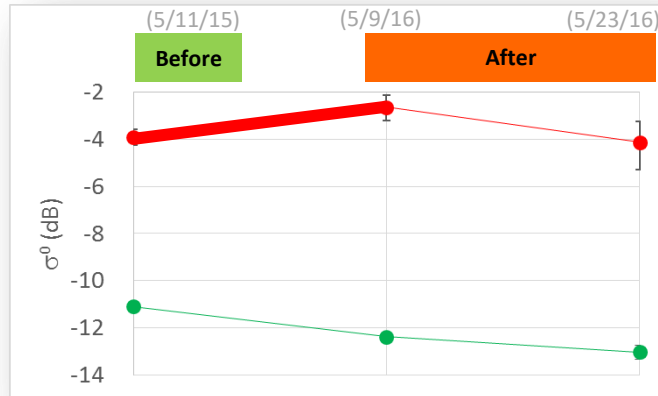
$$\sigma^0$$

R: σ^0_{HH} G: σ^0_{HV}

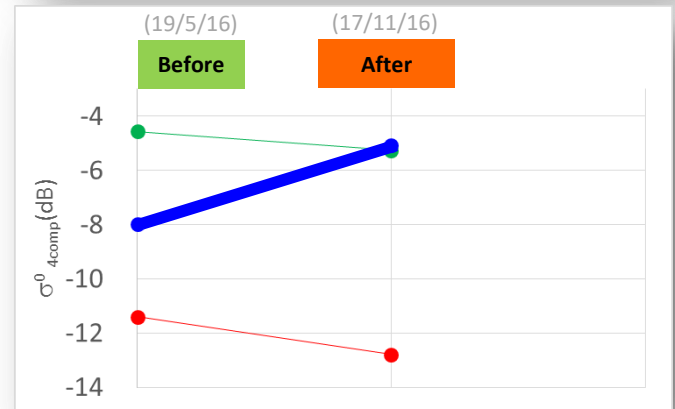
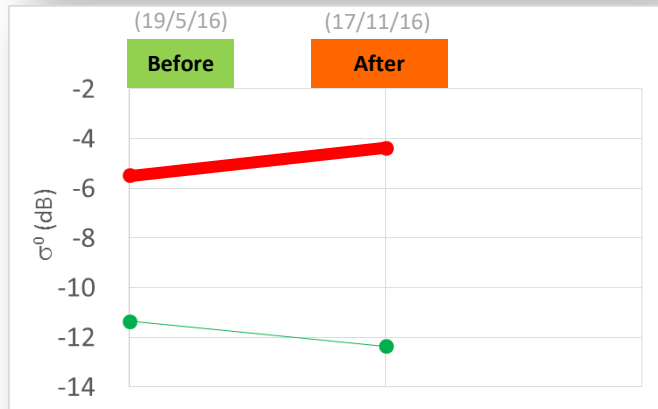
4 component decomp.

R: double G: volume B: Surface

Forest fire



Deforestation

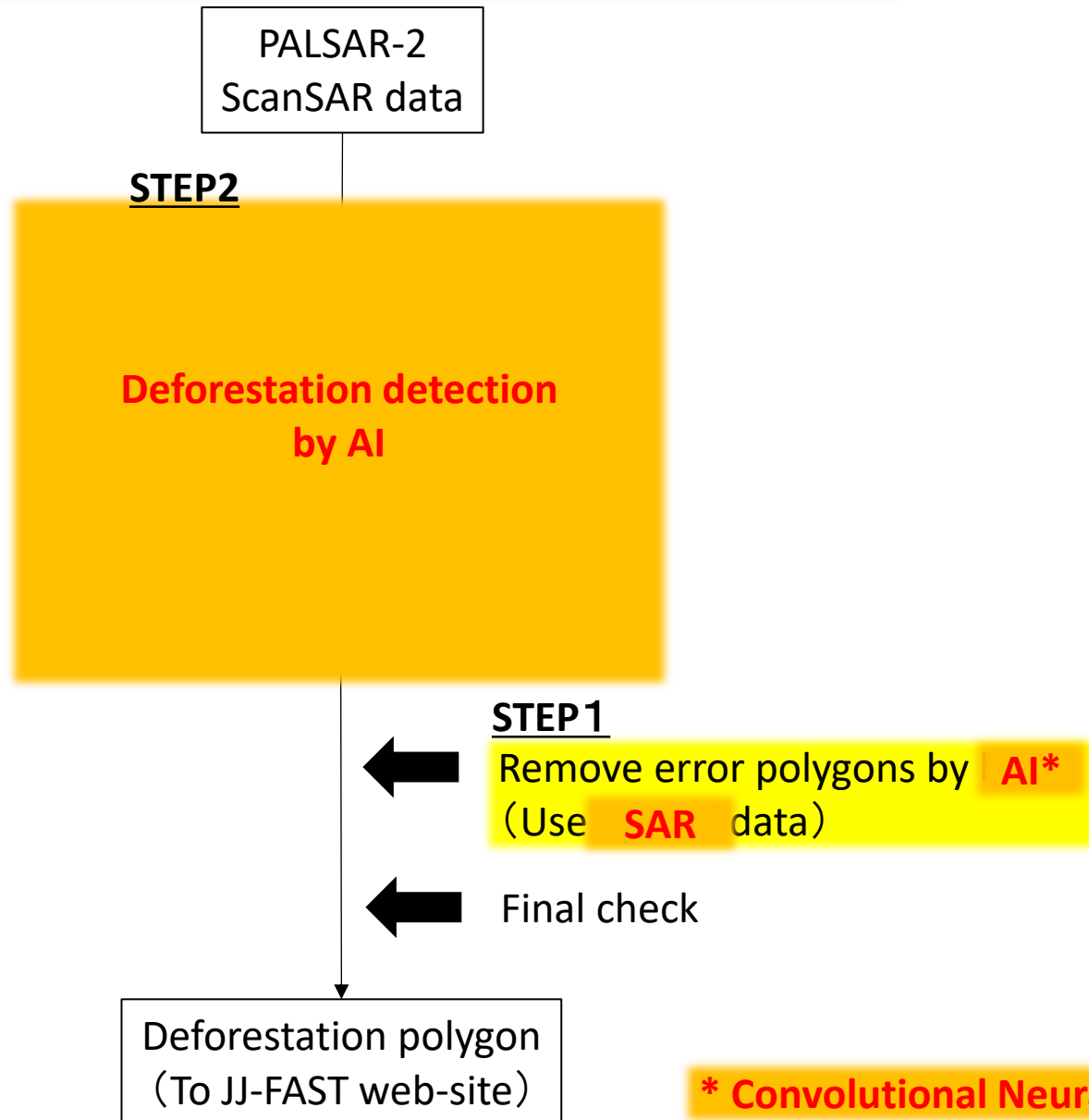


1 dB brighter in σ^0_{HH}

After fire : Increase double bounce
After deforestation : Increase surface

Current algorithm detects heavily burned forest fire sites

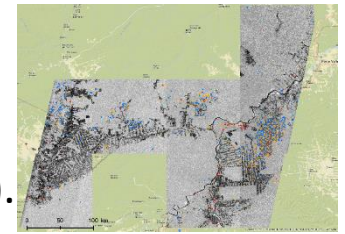
Improvement of detection accuracies by using deep learning



Test CNN

Teacher/validation data

- Place: Rio Branco (Brazil) Cycle 53-59
- Pick up deforestation polygon by the algorithm (v2_test).
- 25% is assigned for evaluation



HV(168)

HH(1432)

HH/HV(2340)

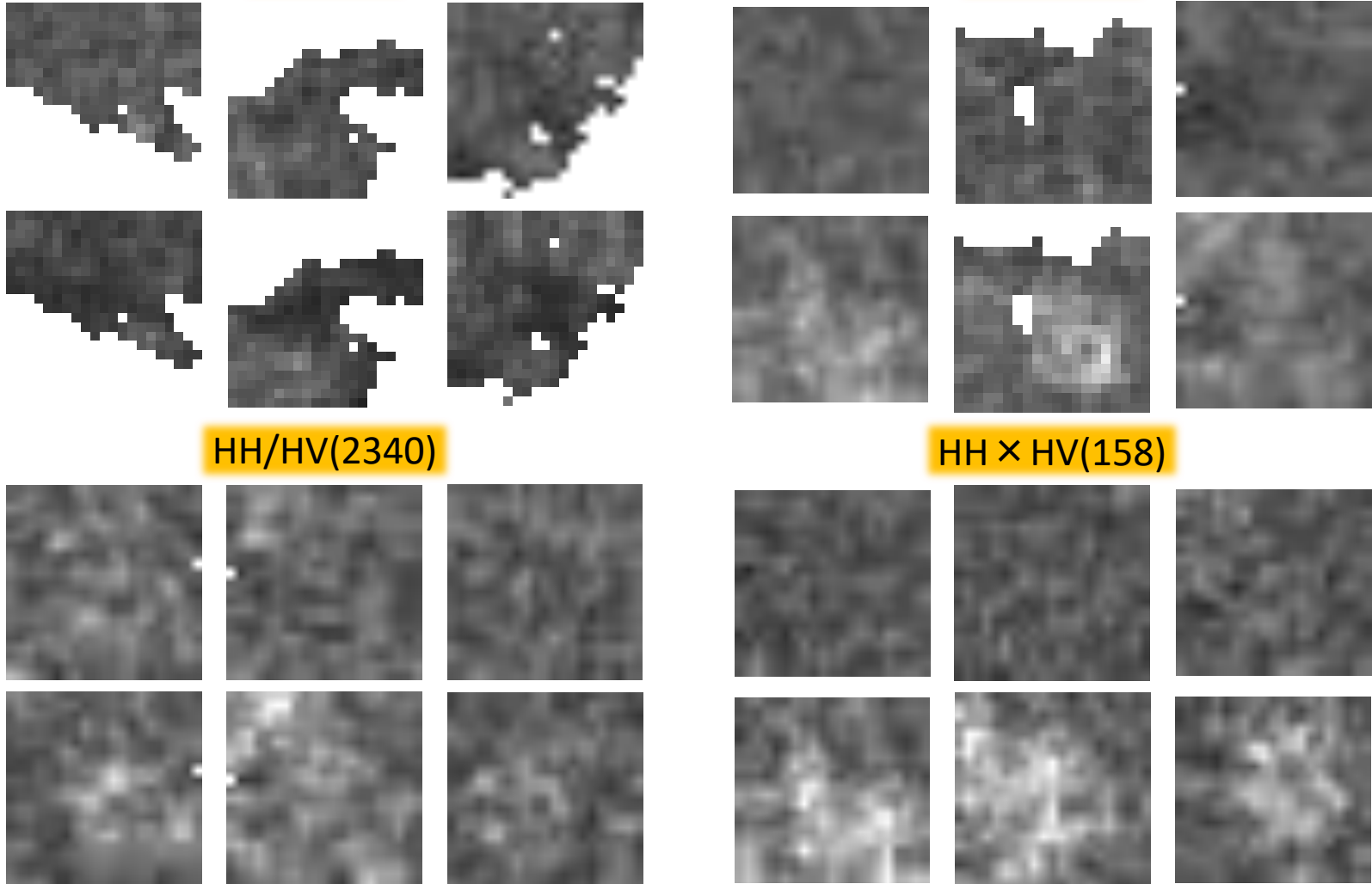
HH × HV(158)

Forest

Deforestation

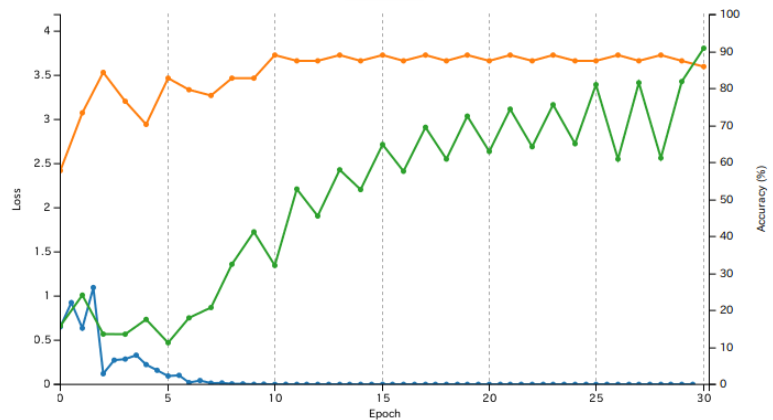
Forest

Deforestation

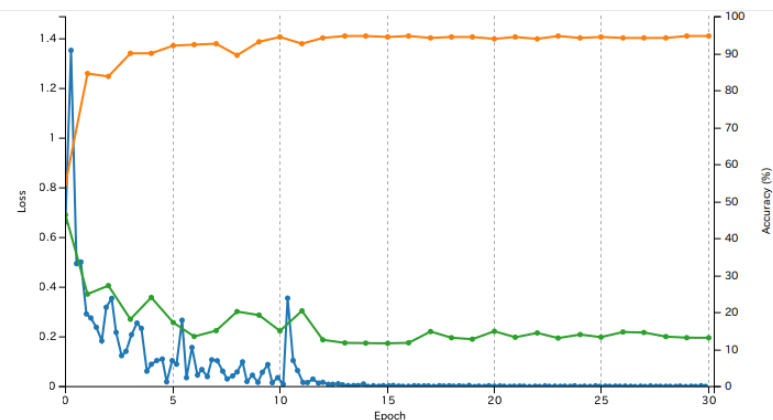


Preliminary evaluation

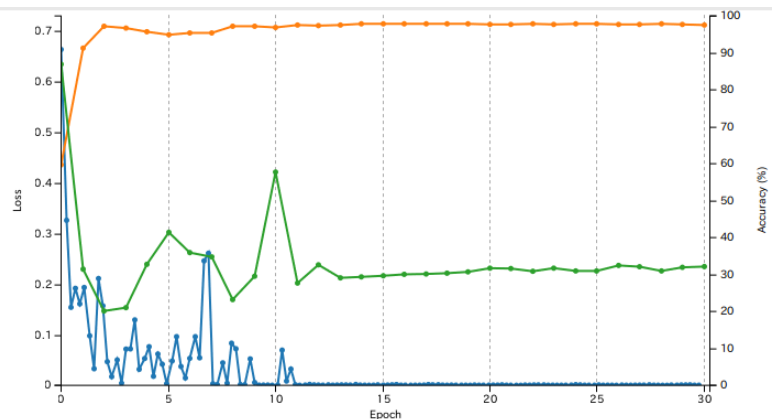
HV



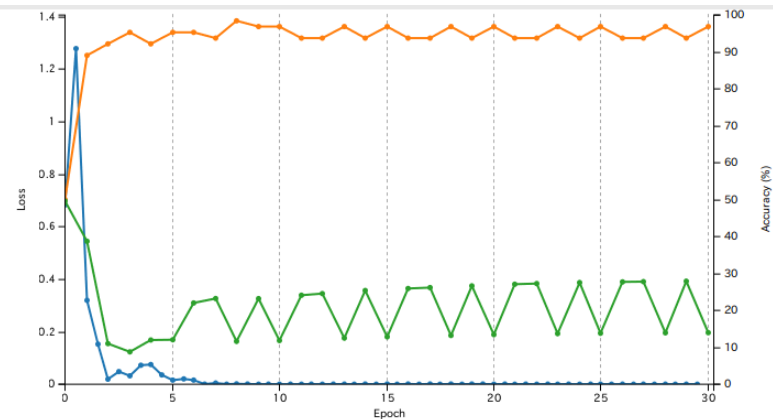
HH



HH/HV



HH × HV



■ loss (train) ■ accuracy (val) ■ loss (val)

Show prospective results
Accuracy: ~90% Loss: 10-80%

Summary

- Introduction of JJ-FAST & field survey
- Deforestation detection algorithm
 - ✓ **Use HH, HV, HH/HV, HH × HV** to detect various deforestation stage.
 - ✓ User's accuracy: 77.9 % Producer's accuracy: 1.7 %
 - Place : Peru
 - Condition : Dry season, Automatic detection, Size: >3ha
 - ✓ Detects heavily burned forest fire sites
 - ✓ **Start to use from Apr. 2018**

Future

- Adjusting threshold level.
- Introduce CNN (convolutional neural network.)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This research was supported by the research budget of JAXA. The research results will be used for the JJ-FAST system, funded by JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency) and JAXA, and will be used for early-deforestation detection in global tropical forests.