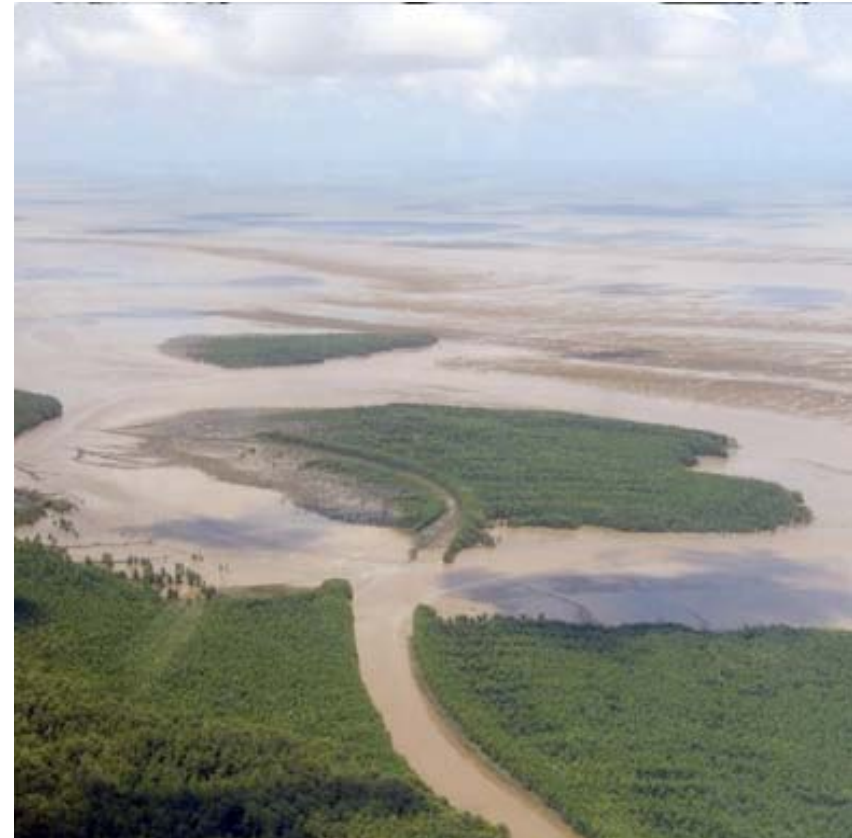


K&C Extension Proposal



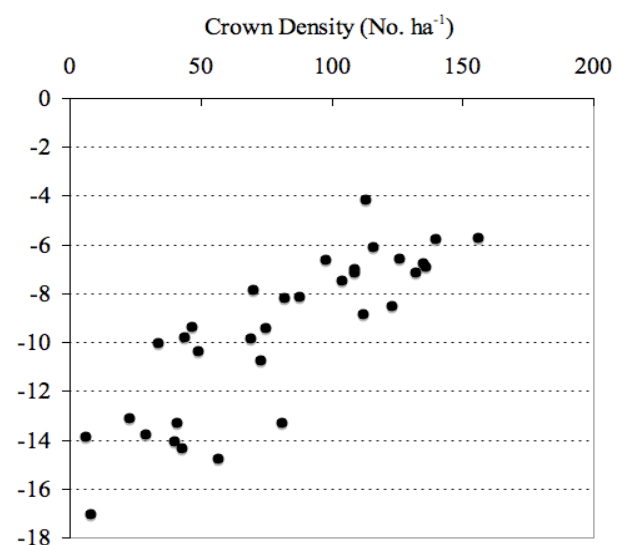
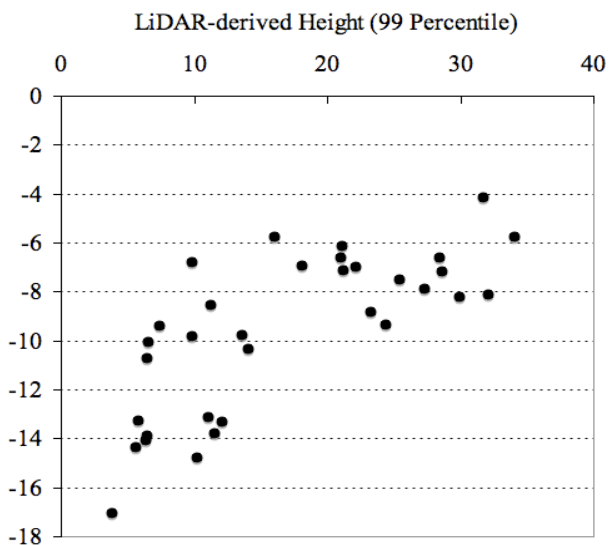
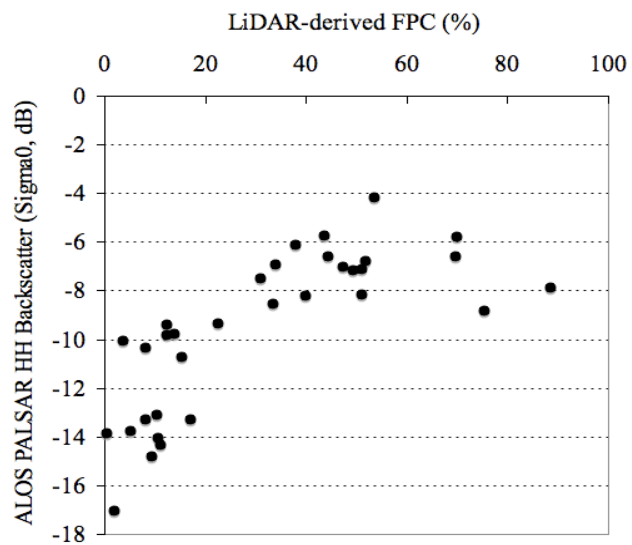
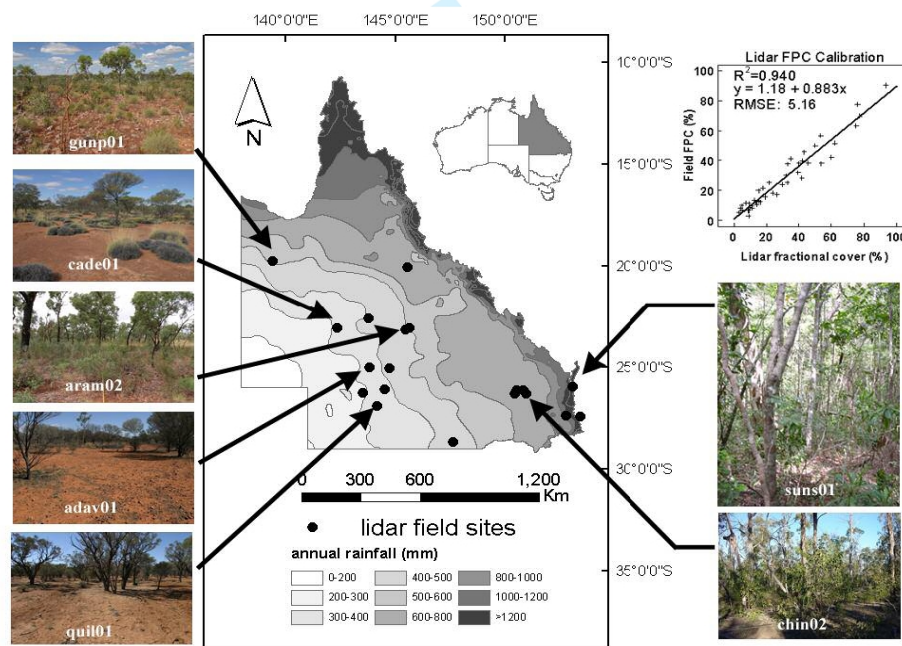
Richard Lucas, Institute of Geography and Earth Sciences

North Australian Forests: Project objectives

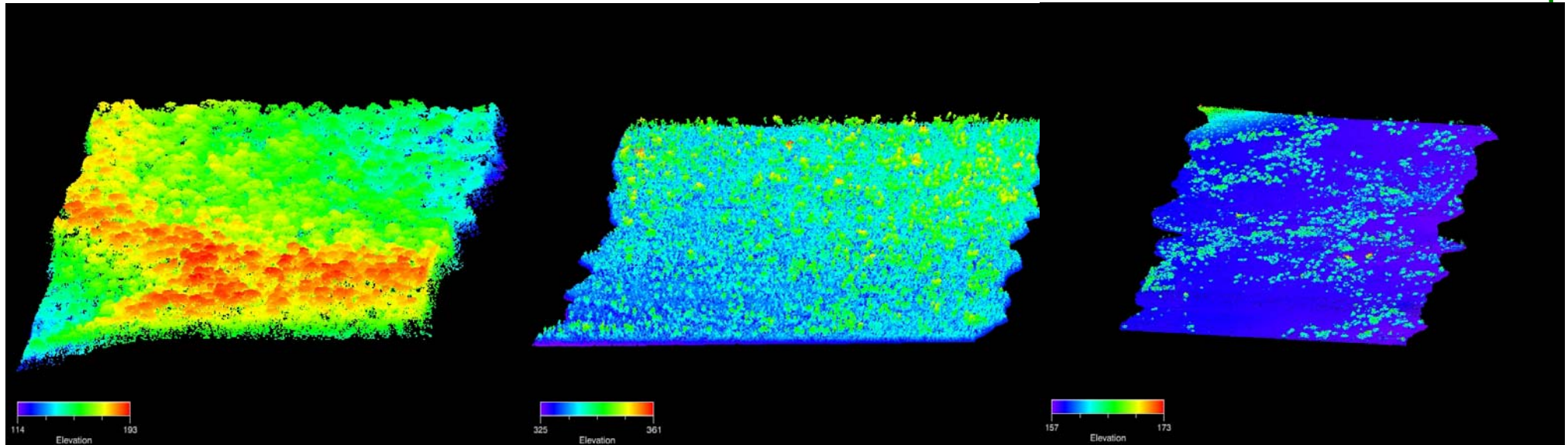
- To revise, enhance and apply algorithms for retrieving forest structure and biomass for the wide range of forest types occurring across northern Australia
- To generate, for the years 2007-2011, maps of change in the biomass and structure of intact and regenerating forests (growth stage) using JERS-1 SAR and ALOS PALSAR mosaics
 - ↓ Better understand the longer term impacts of natural and indirectly induced (e.g., climate) anthropogenic change.

ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA



Full waveform LiDAR acquisitions (Nov, 2008)



Closed Tropical Rainforest

Open Eucalyptus woodland

Low woodland

- Range of products

- ↓ Forest height
- ↓ Canopy volume
- ↓ Biomass

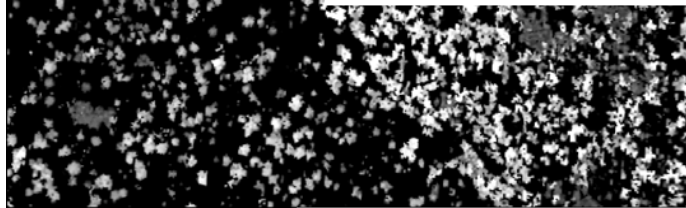
Validation using TLS



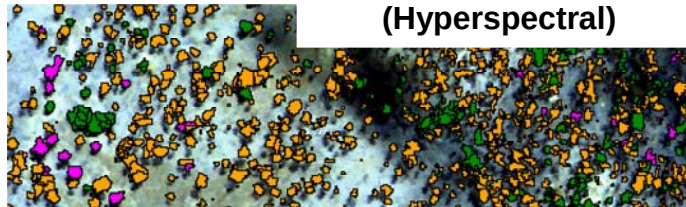
Integrating Terrestrial & Airborne Laser Scanner Data

Near coincidence with ALOS PALSAR
(Cycles 21-22)

Tree height (LiDAR)



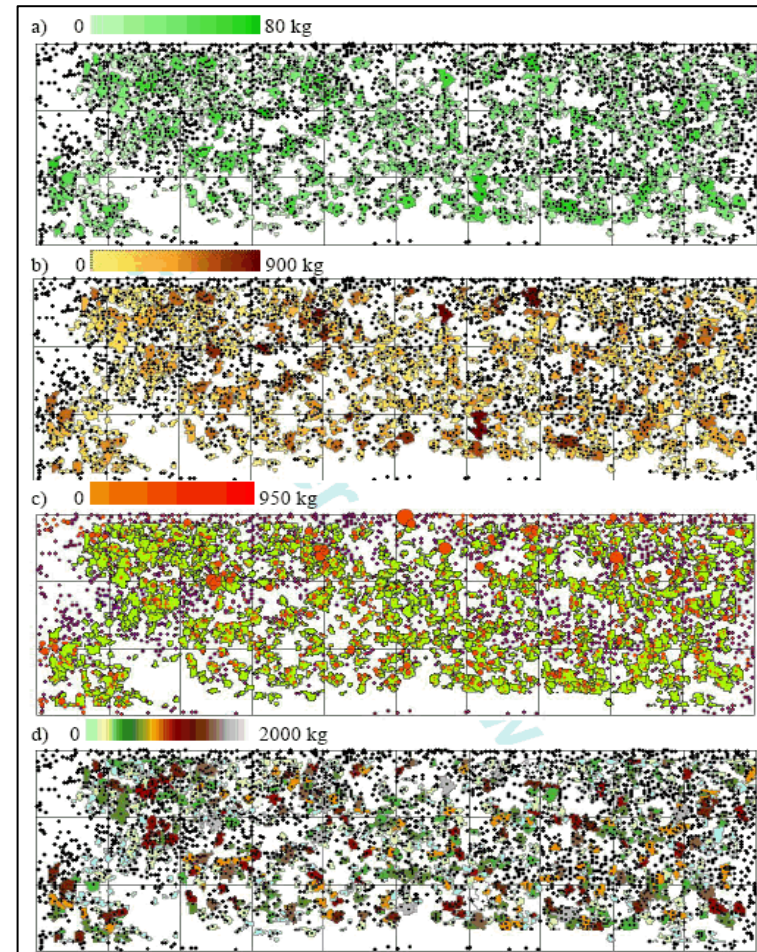
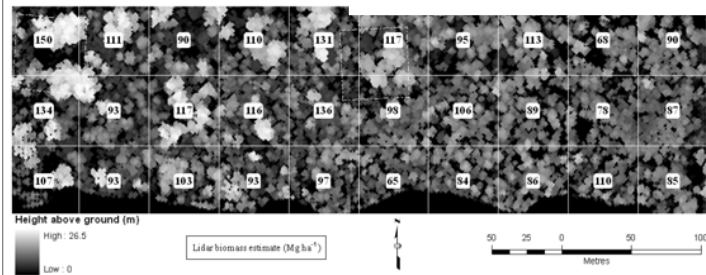
Species (Hyperspectral)



Location and density of stems (LiDAR)



Stand-level biomass



Leaf

Branch

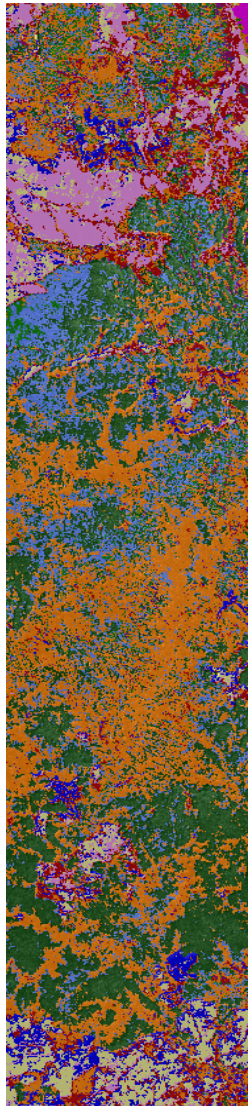
Trunk

Total

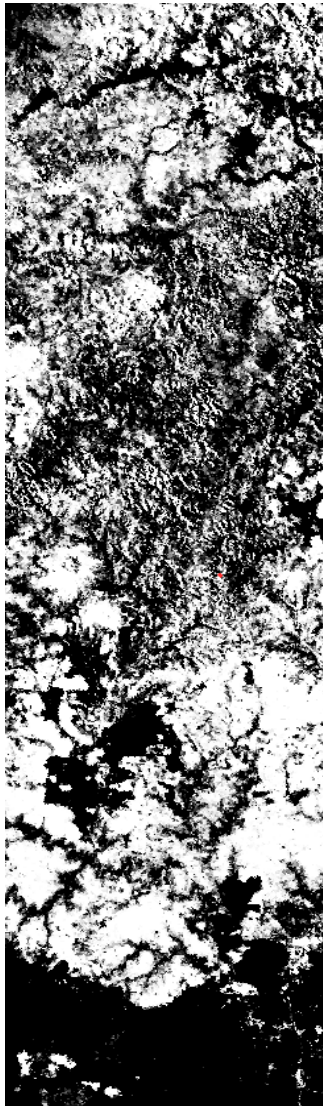
ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA

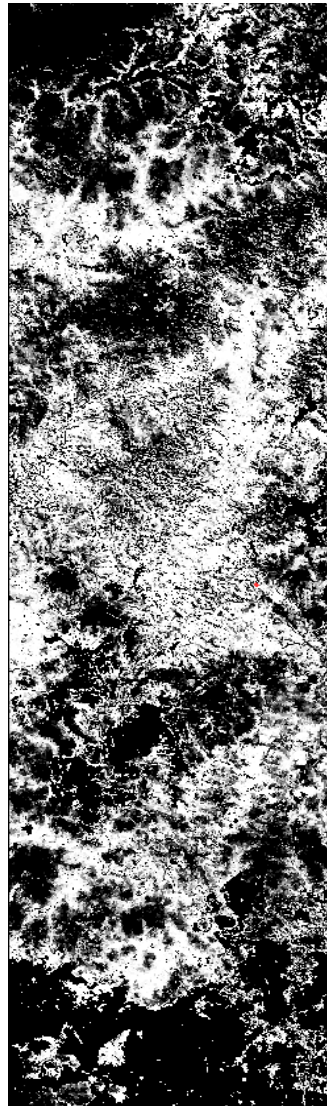
Classification of forest structural types



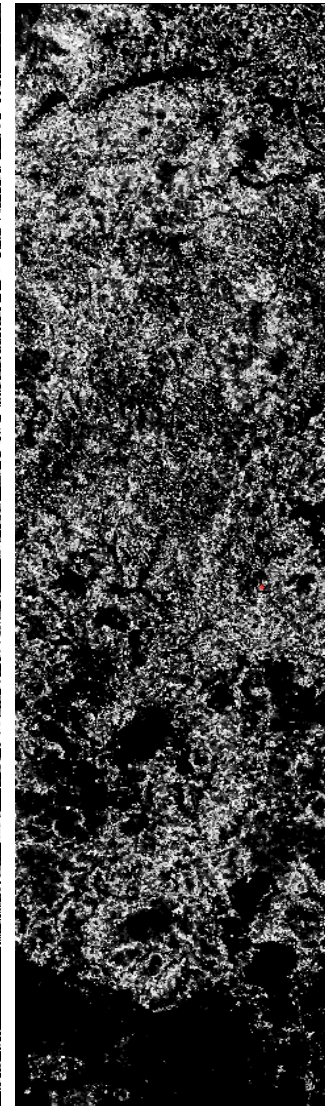
Classified Strip
Data



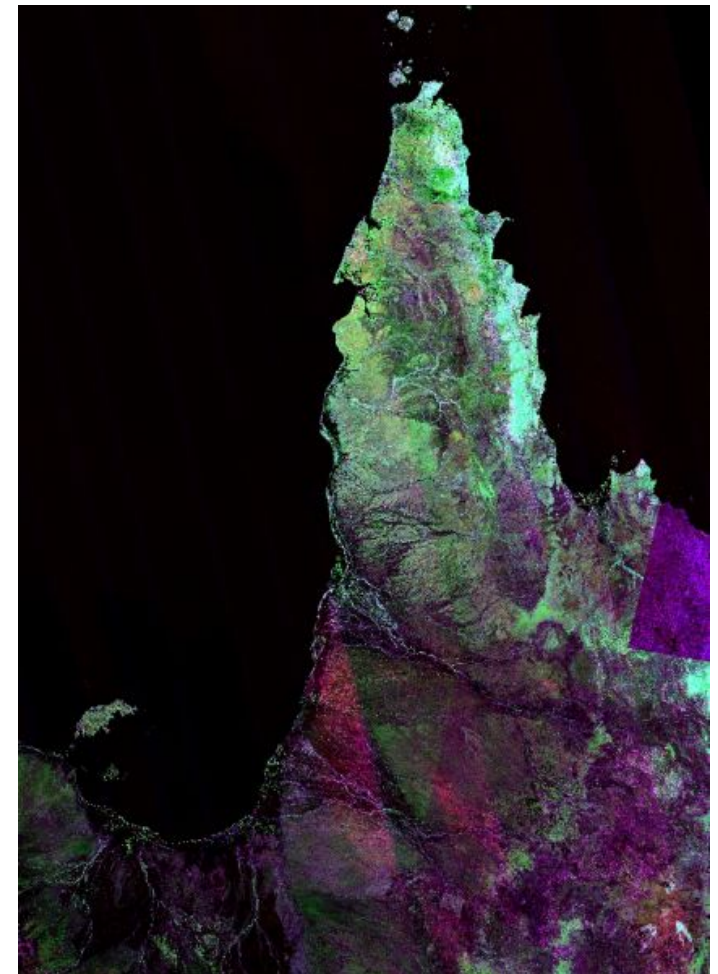
Excurrent
(Pines)

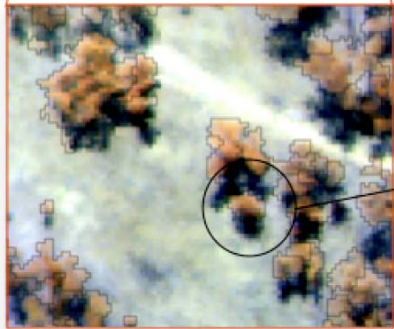
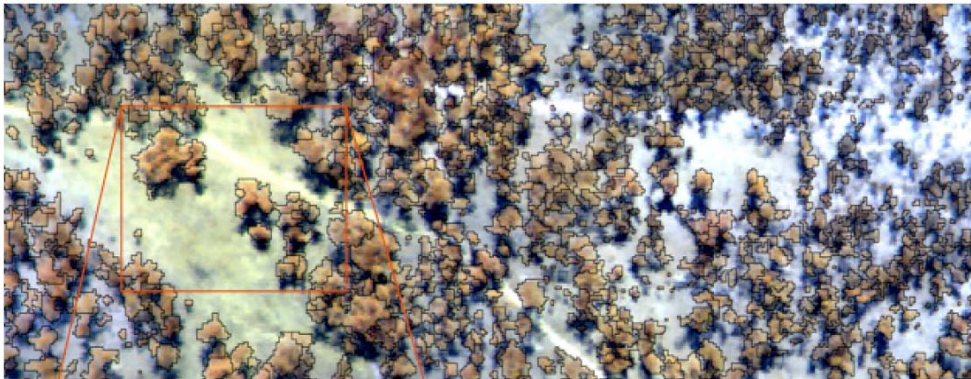


Decurrent
(Eucalyptus)



Excurrent/
Decurrent





2000



2006

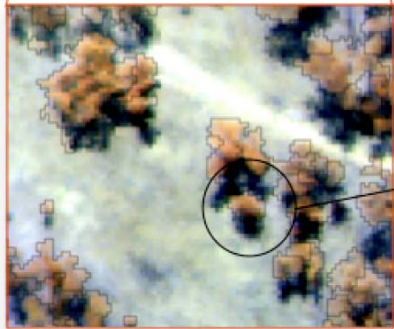
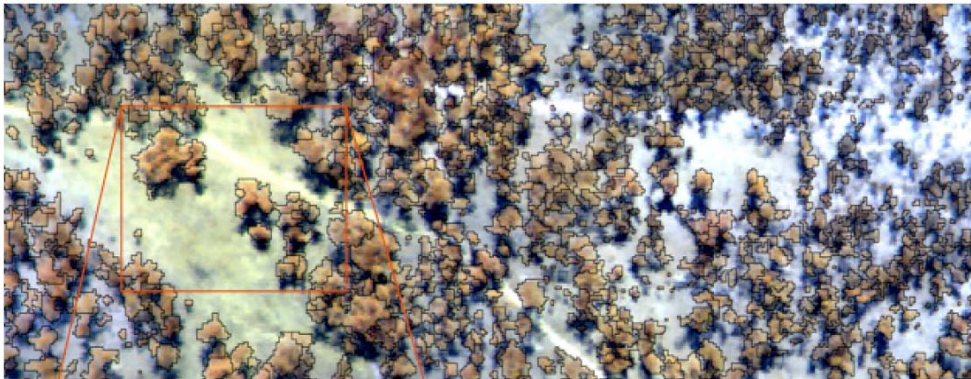
Drought impacts,
Injune, Queensland

Detection of Environmental Change

- Time-series comparison of LiDAR/optical data/products
 - ↓ 2000 (Injune)
 - ↓ 2004/5
 - ↓ 2008/9
- Time-series comparisons
 - ↓ JERS-1 SAR
 - ↓ ALOS PALSAR (2007 onwards)
 - ↓ Landsat-derived FPC
- Detection of:
 - ↓ Woody thickening
 - ↓ Forest degradation

ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA



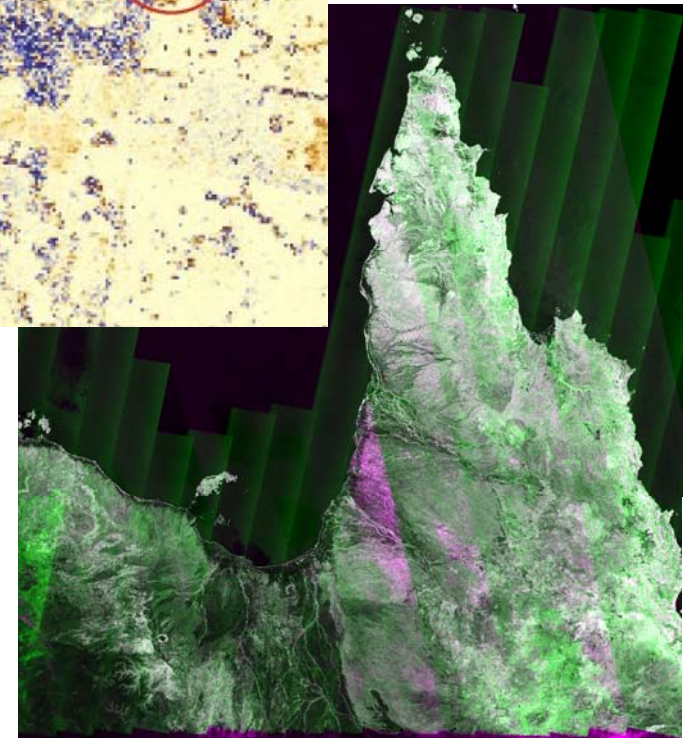
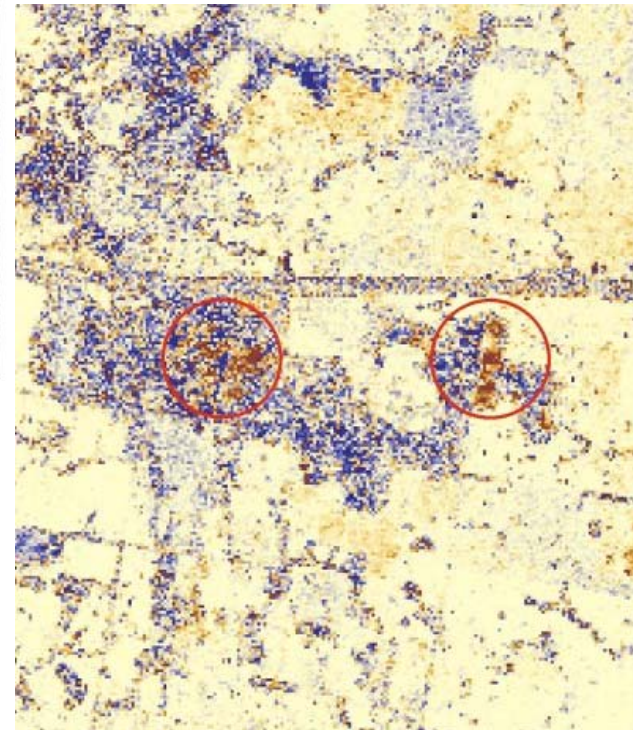
2000



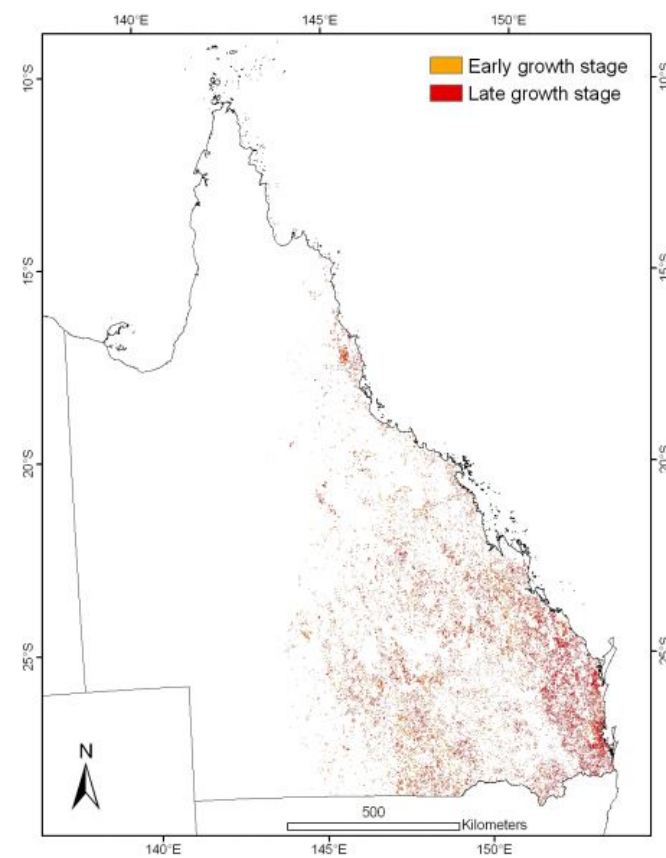
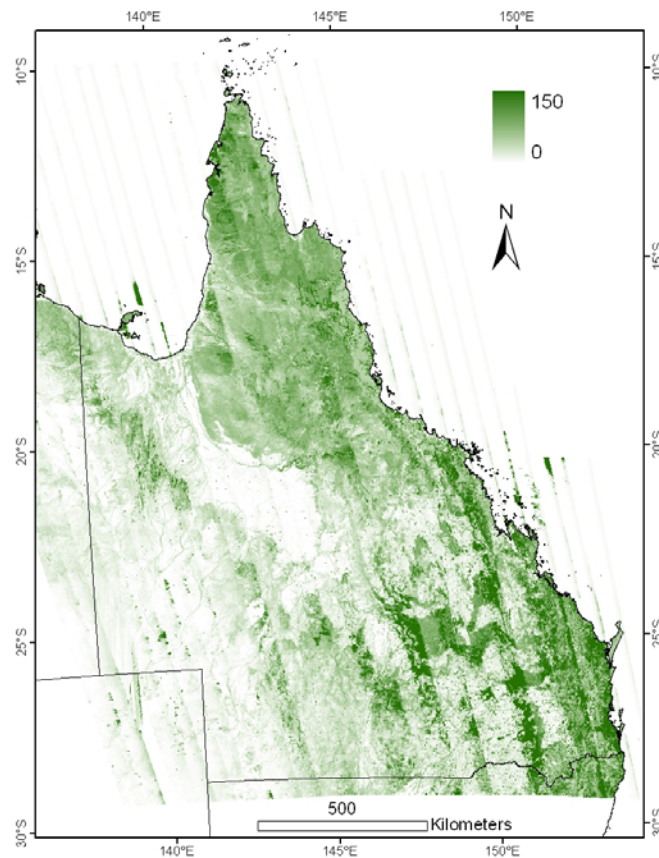
2006

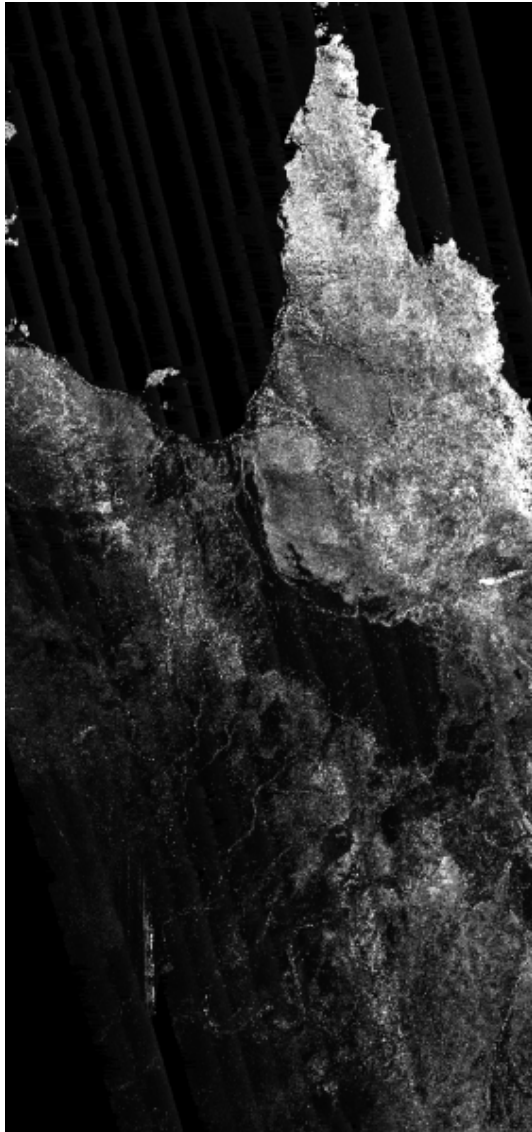
Drought impacts,
Injune, Queensland

Detection of Environmental Change



Deliverables: Biomass/biomass change (annual and decadal) and growth stage for northern Australia (Qld, NT and WA)



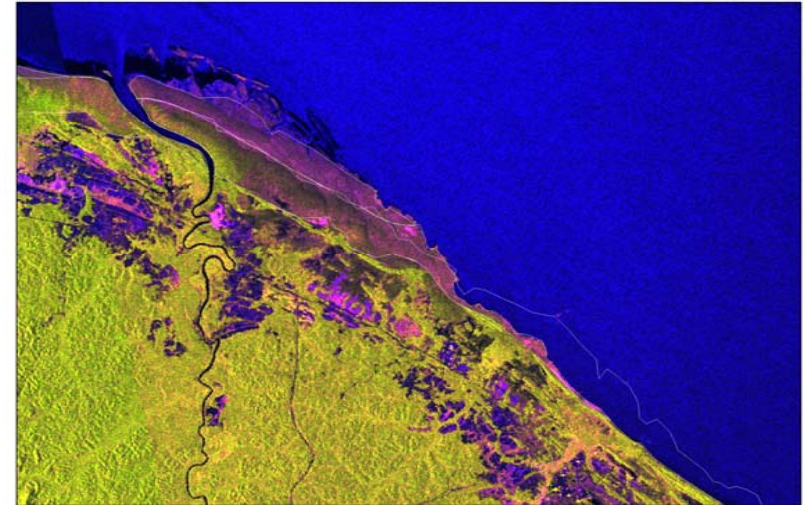
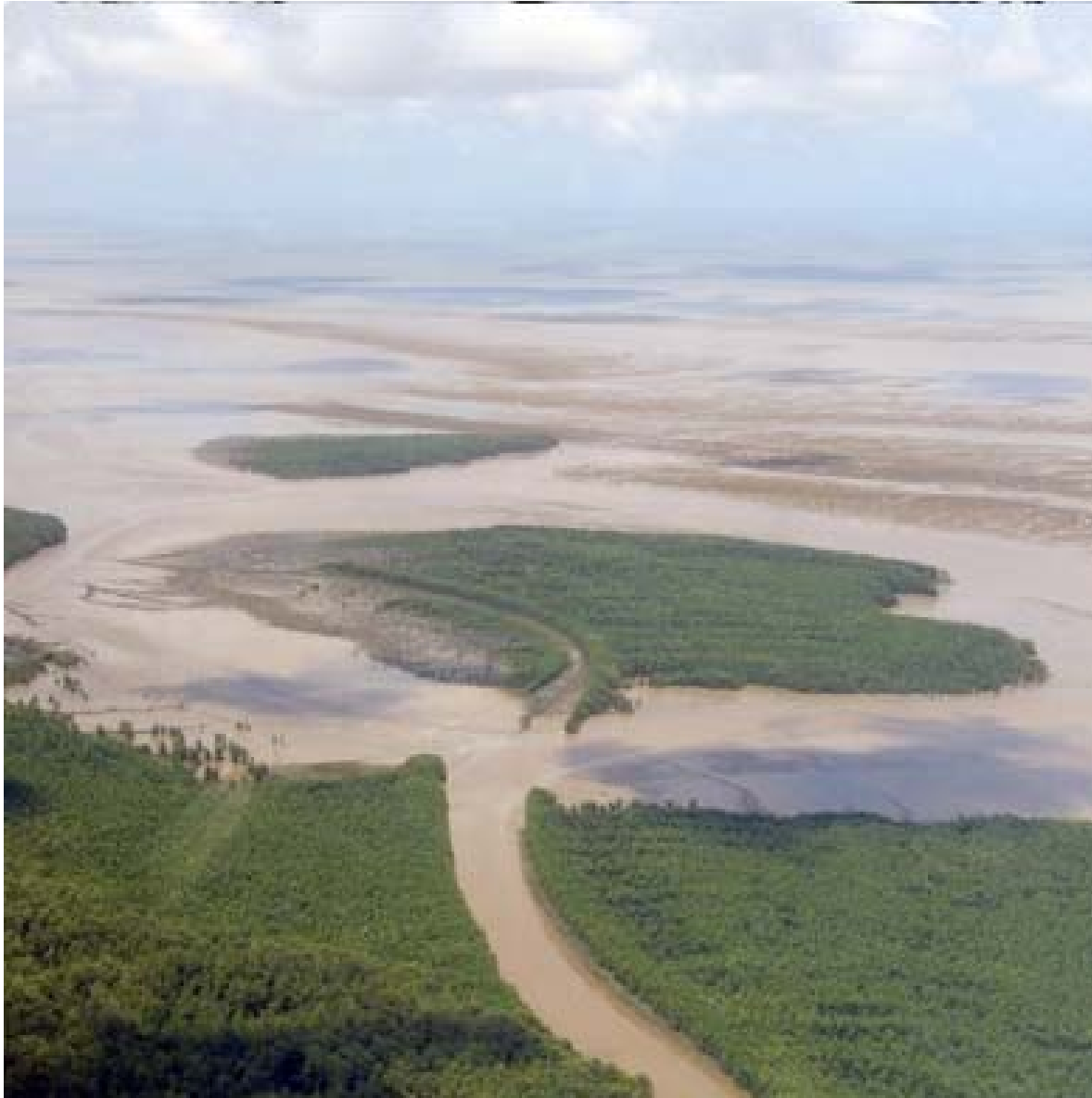


Data Requirements

- Strip data/mosaics for 2009-2010
 - ↓ Northern Australia
- Extend to New South Wales
 - ↓ Using existing algorithms (biomass only)
 - ↓ Possibility to apply to Australian mosaics
- JERS-1 SAR mosaic
 - ↓ Australia?

ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA

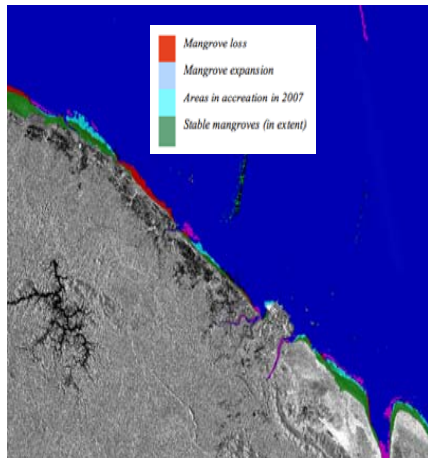


Global Mangrove Watch
(in conjunction with the
UNEP World
Conservation Monitoring
Centre)

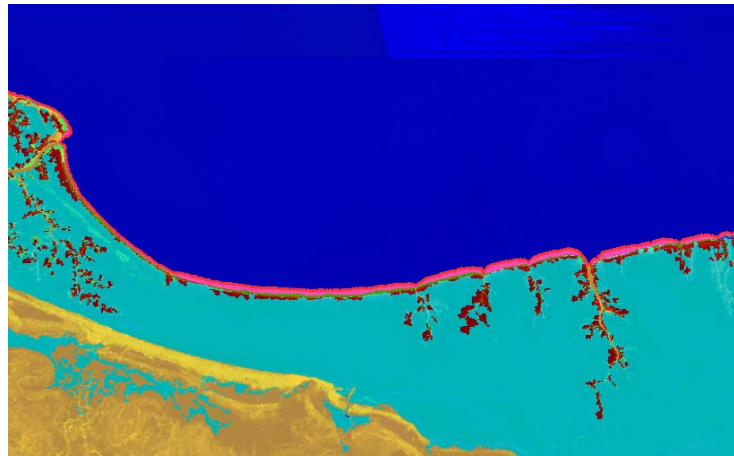
ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA

'Natural' change accretion and erosion



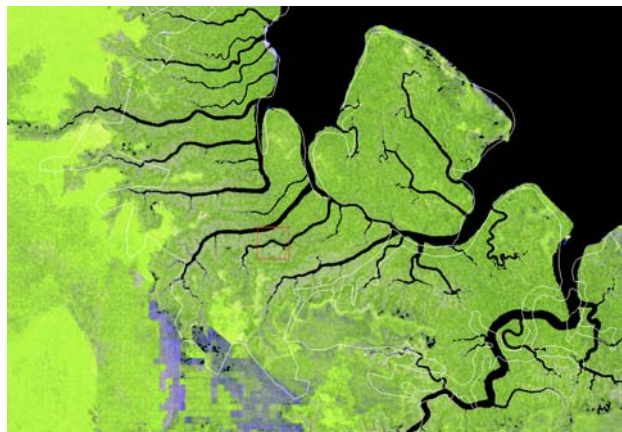
Climate-change induced?



Anthropogenic

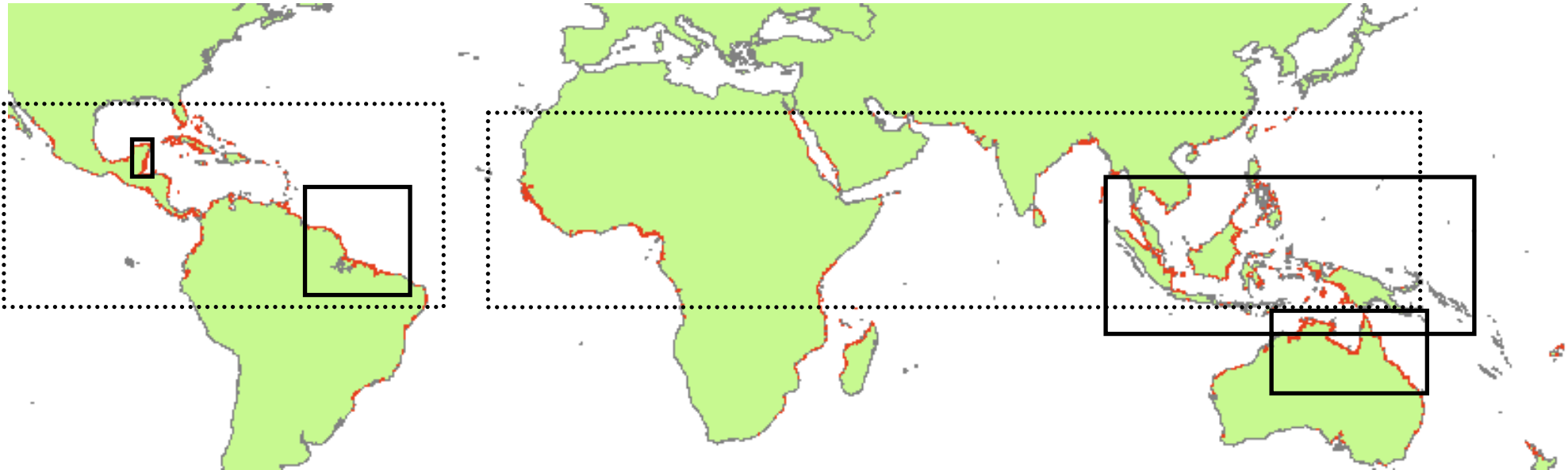


Discrepancies in existing maps of mangroves



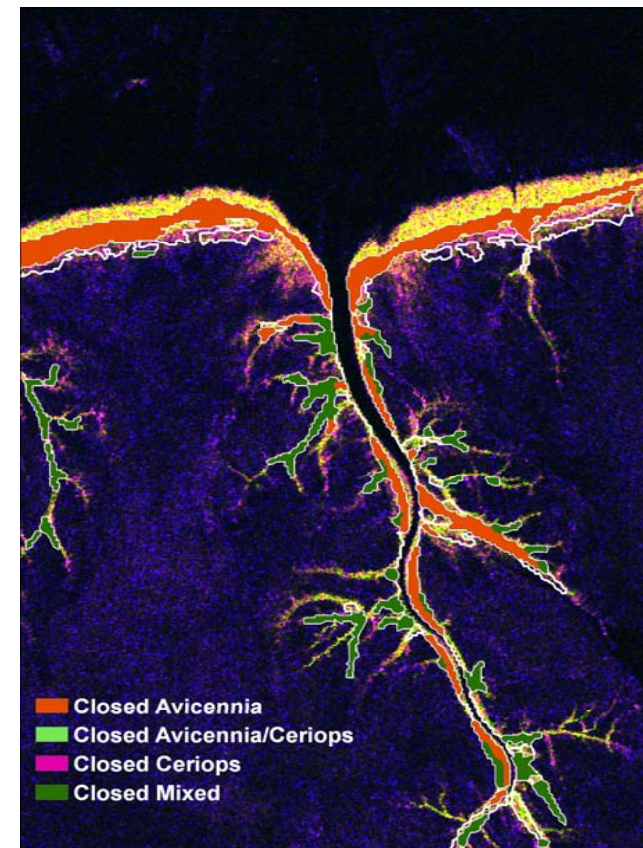
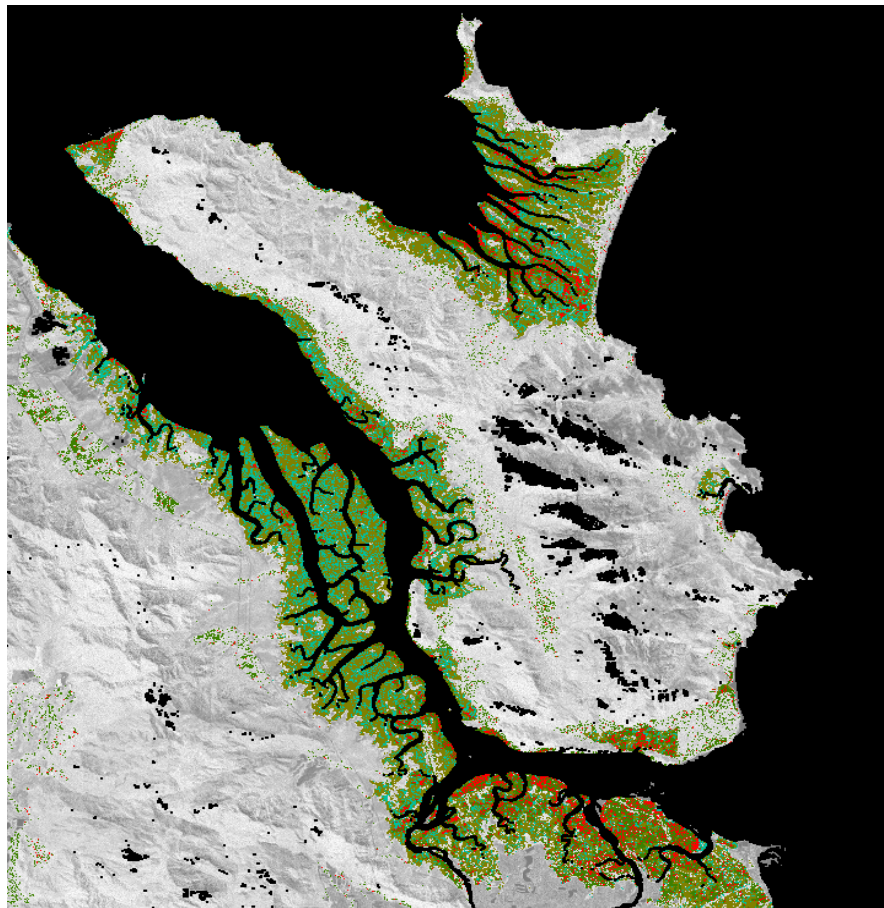
- Error in classification
- Deforestation since establishment of baseline

World Conservation Monitoring Centre Global Mangrove Map



- To revise, enhance and apply algorithms for mapping and characterising mangroves (and proximal wetlands) in the existing study regions
 - ↓ Australia, Amazon coast, Belize, Insular SE Asia
- To generate maps of change in mangroves across the tropics with possible extension to the sub-tropics (in selected regions)
- To demonstrate a global mangrove monitoring “hot spot detection” system based on multi-temporal ALOS PALSAR data
 - ↓ Integration within existing or establishment of new monitoring systems
 - ↓ Knowledge transfer component (to WCMC)

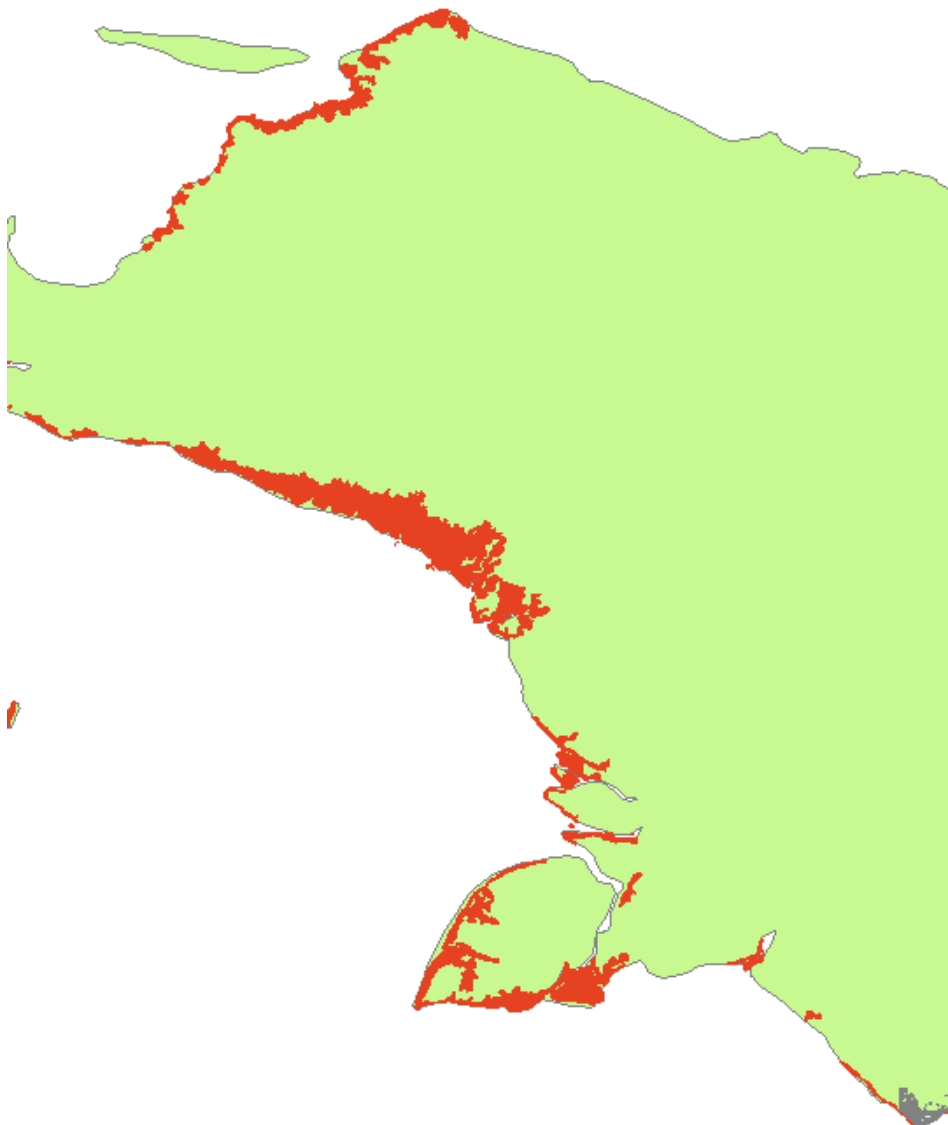
a) To revise, enhance and apply algorithms for characterising, mapping and detecting change in mangroves (and proximal wetlands) in the existing study areas



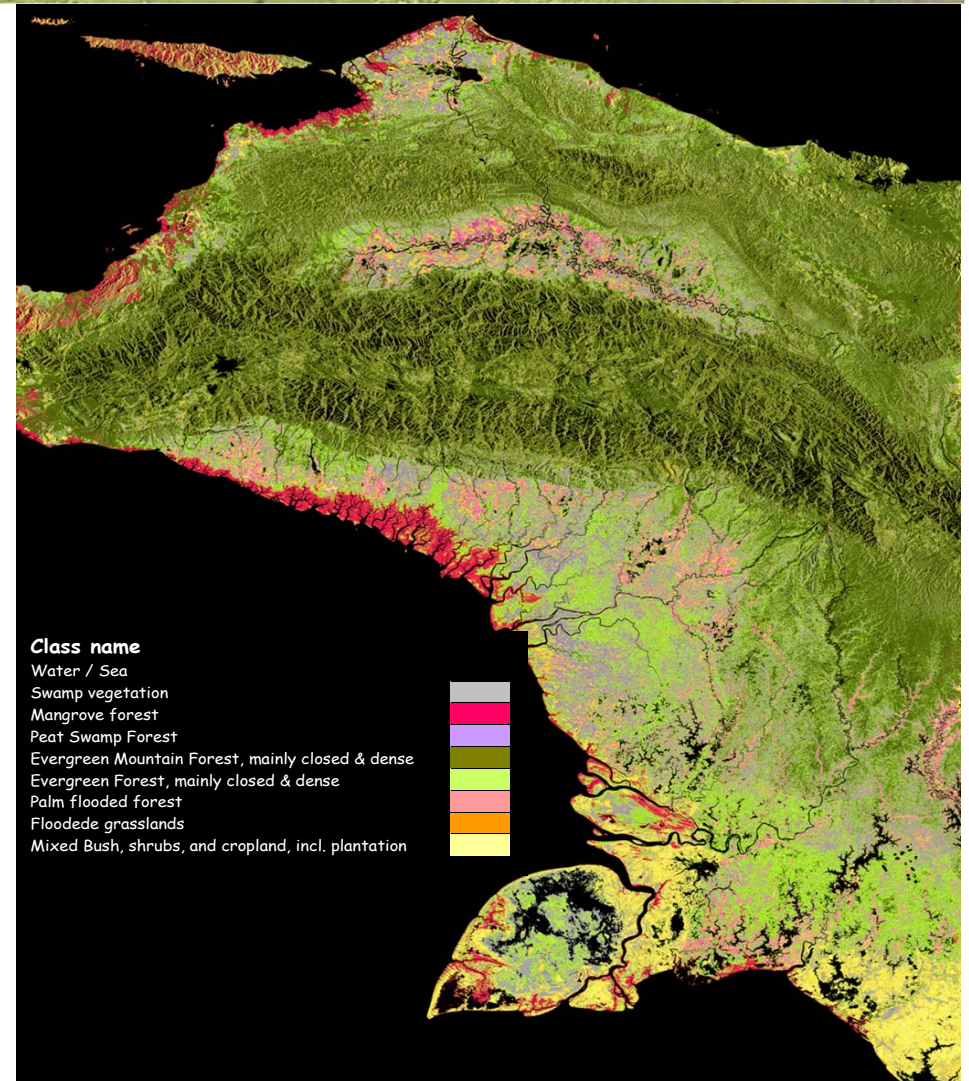
ALOS

Comparison of mangrove distributions, SE Asia

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA



World Conservation Monitoring Centre

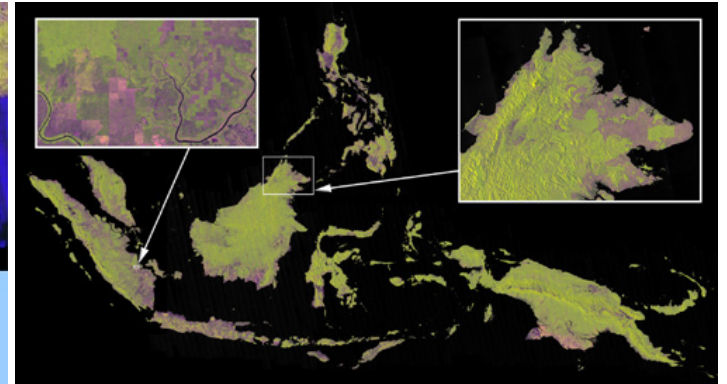
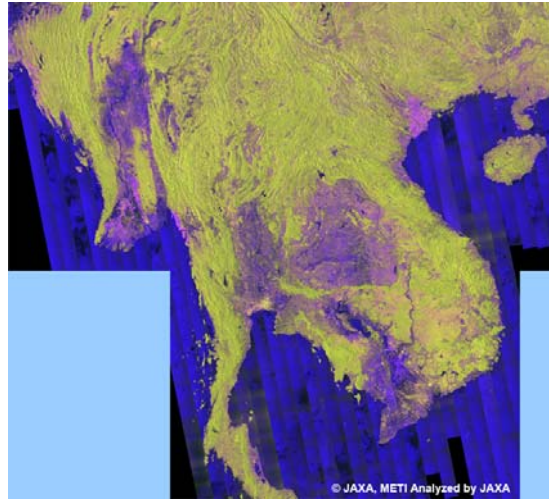
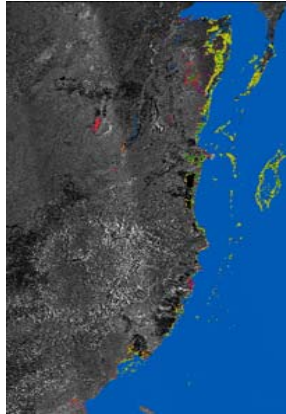
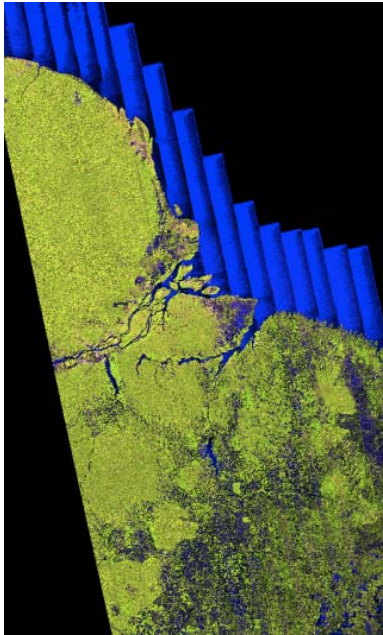


SAR Vision Classification

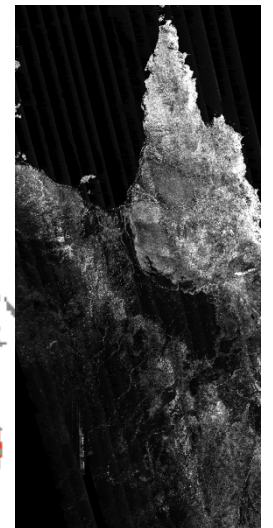
ALOS

K&C Initiative

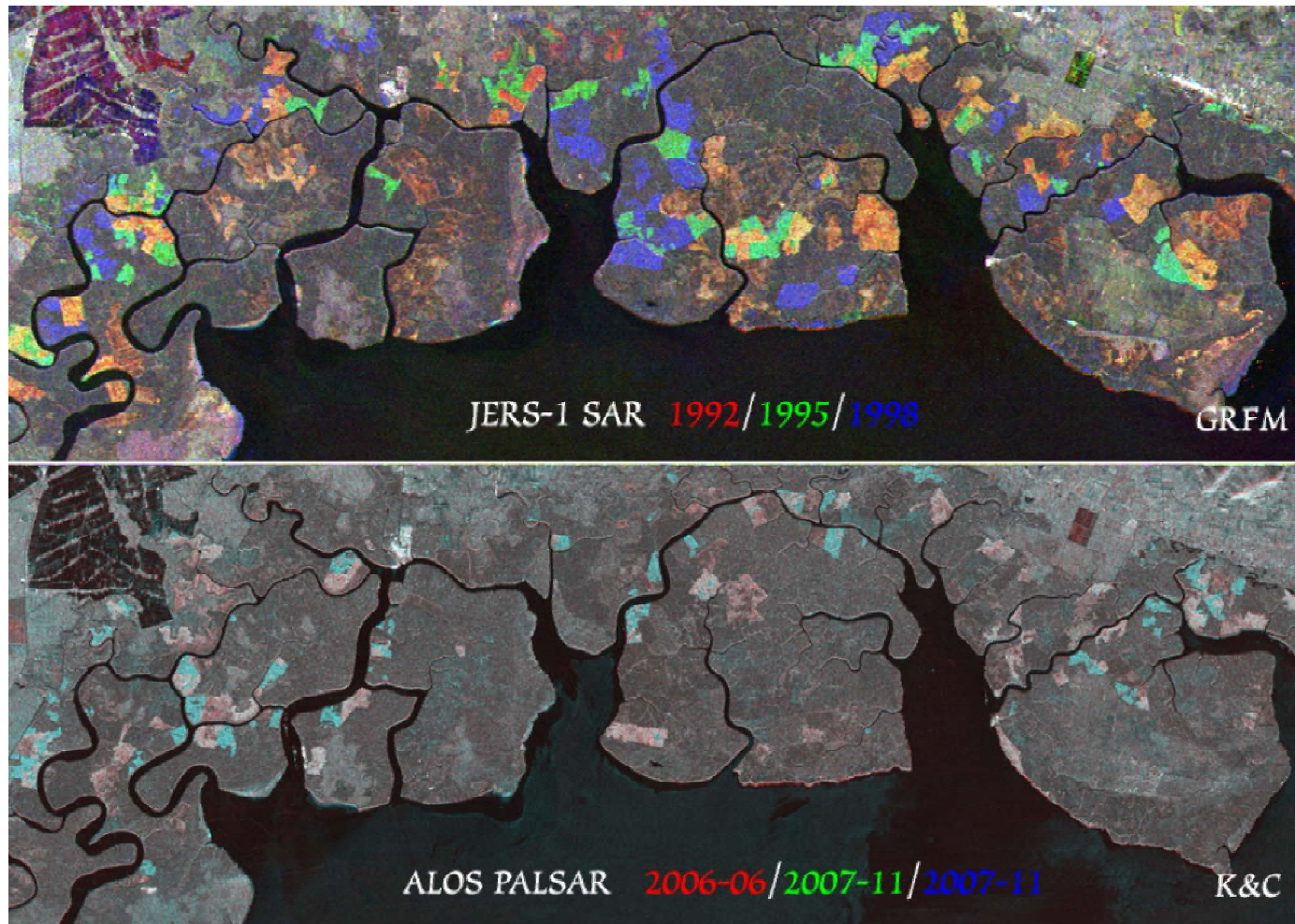
An international science collaboration led by JAXA



b) Generate maps of change in mangroves across the tropics with possible extension to the sub-tropics (in selected regions)

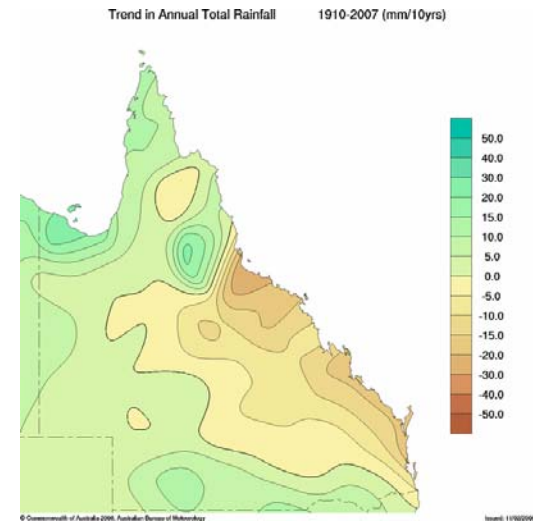
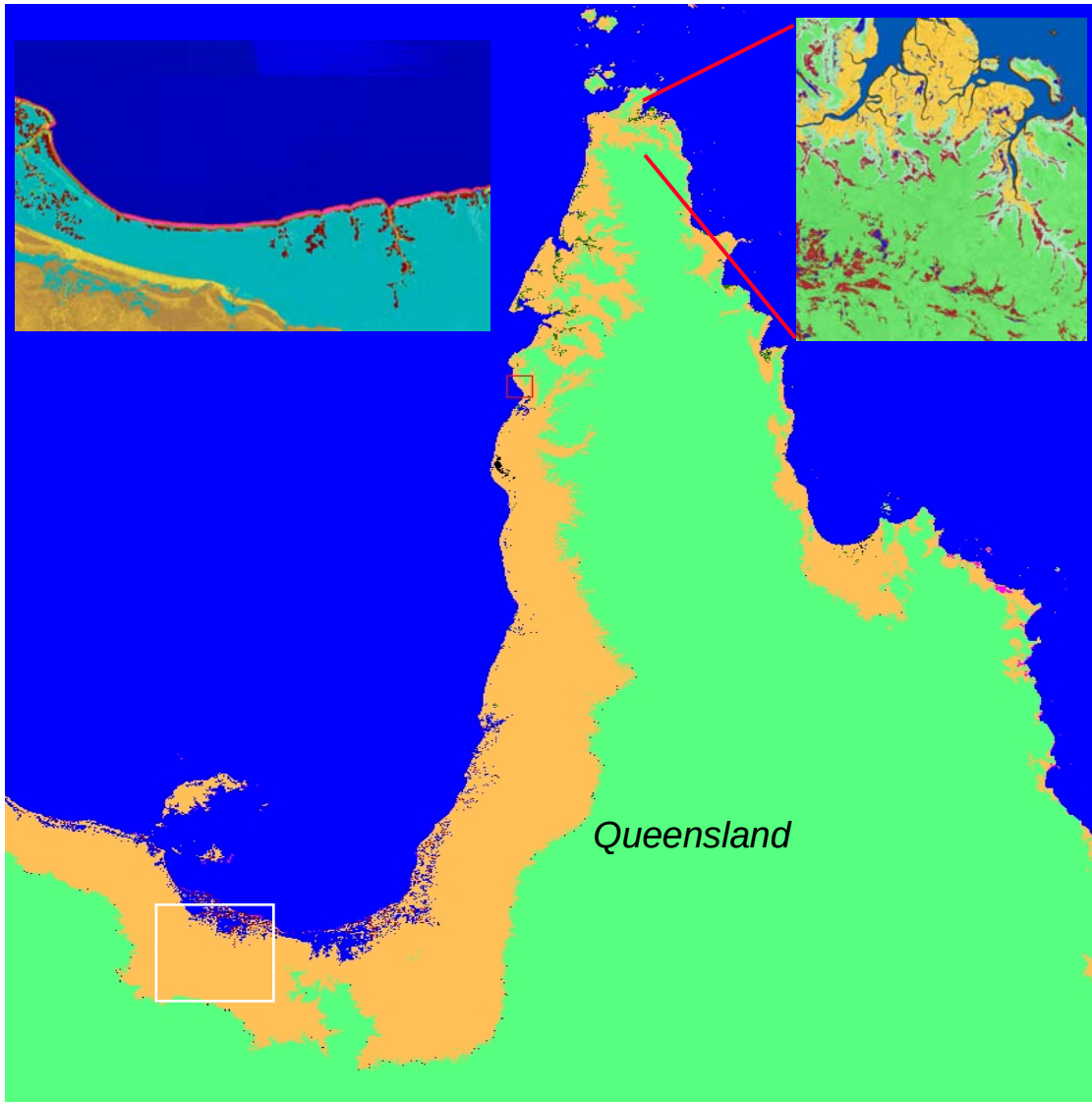


c) To demonstrate a global mangrove monitoring “hot spot detection” system based on multi-temporal ALOS PALSAR data (for adoption by agencies)



ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA



d) To map broad changes in wetland extent across northern Australia

ScanSAR mosaics of wetland dynamics, northern Australia (2007 onwards)

Refined classification of wetlands

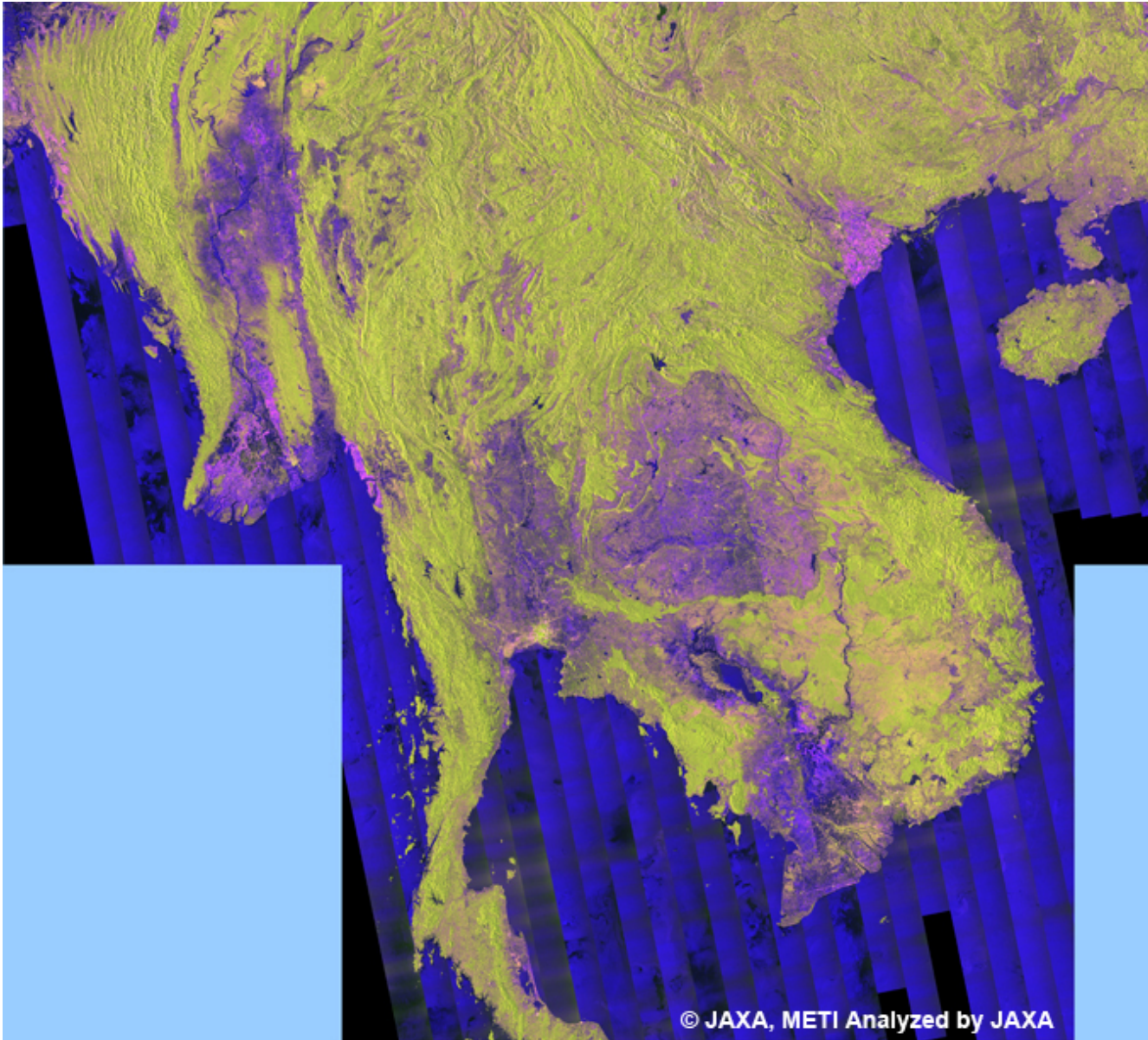
Links with climate information to better understand reasons for change in mangroves

- Australia
 - ↓ Queensland/NT/WA
- South America
 - ↓ Brazil
 - ↓ French Guiana
- Central America
 - ↓ Belize
- Southeast Asia
 - ↓ Borneo
 - ↓ Papua
 - ↓ Sumatra*
- Australia
- South America
 - ↓ Colombia
 - ↓ Surinam
 - ↓ Guyana
- Central America
- Southeast Asia
 - ↓ New Guinea
 - ↓ Remaining mainland and islands
- Africa
 - ↓ Gabon
- Australasia
- South America
- Central America
- Southeast Asia
- Africa
- Mapping dependent on mosaic generation
- Technology transfer process through WCMC



ALOS

K&C Initiative
An international science collaboration led by JAXA

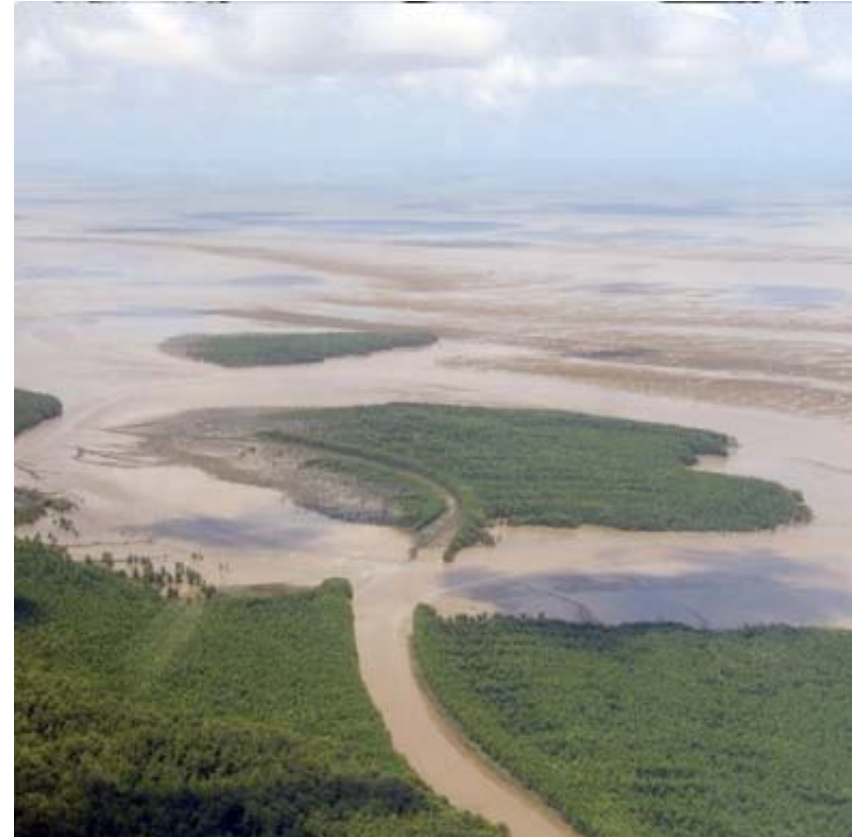


© JAXA, METI Analyzed by JAXA

Data Requirements

- Regional mosaics (FBD)
 - ↓ All tropical regions
 - ↓ Some subtropical regions
- Time-series of mosaics
 - ↓ Selected regions
- Revised global baseline for 2007
- Capacity to detect change globally and routinely

Thank you



Richard Lucas, Institute of Geography and Earth Sciences