The Kokoda Track and Owen Stanley Ranges Remote Sensing Pilot Project

Department of Environment and Conservation Papua New Guinea

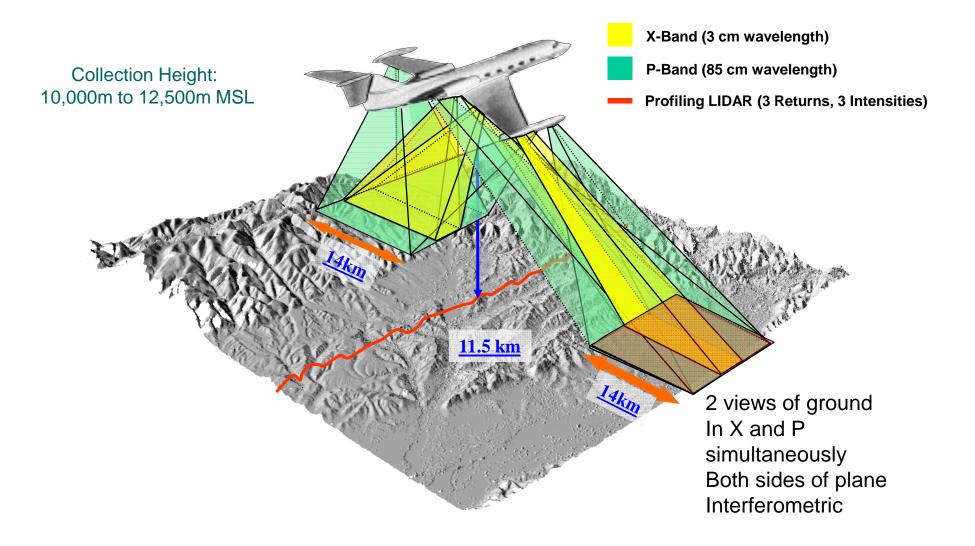


Dr Mark L Williams¹ Prof. Tony K Milne Dr Ian J Tapley

with contributions from

Dr Anthea Mitchell, UNSW Dr Julian Fox, UN/FAO and Dr Cossey Yosi, PNG FRI

Flight Characteristics

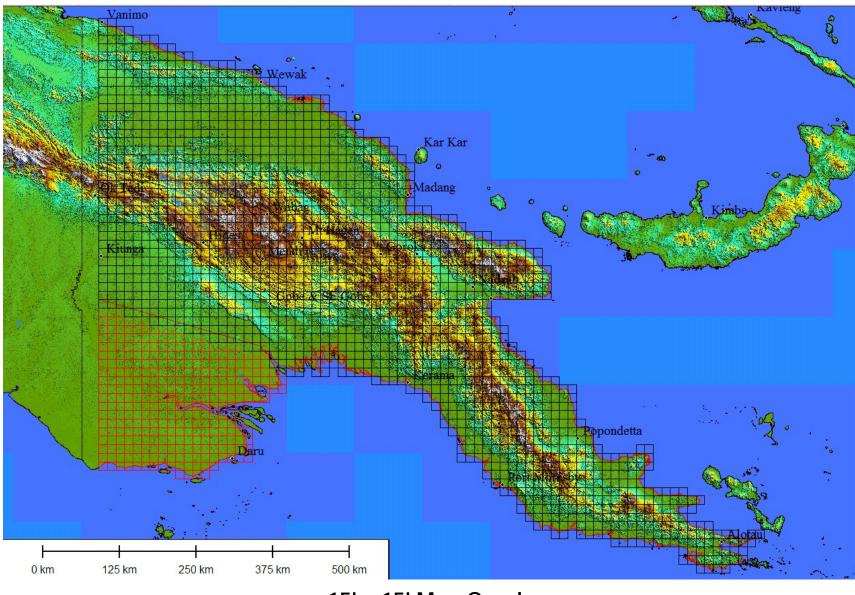


GeoSAR Product Characteristics

	X-band	P-band
DEM height accuracy Single swath	0.5-1.2 m (Relative)	1-3 m (Relative)
Mosaic	~1.0 m (Absolute)	1-4 m (Absolute)
DEM resolution	2.5 - 5 metres	2.5 - 5 metres
Planimetric Accuracy	1 m (Relative)	2 m @ 5 km Altitude (Absolute)
	< 2.5 m (Absolute)	4 m @ 10 km Altitude (Absolute)
Ground swath	12 -14 km on each side	12 -14 km on each side
Polarization	VV	HH and HV or VV and VH
Pixel Size	1.25 – 3m	1.25 – 5m

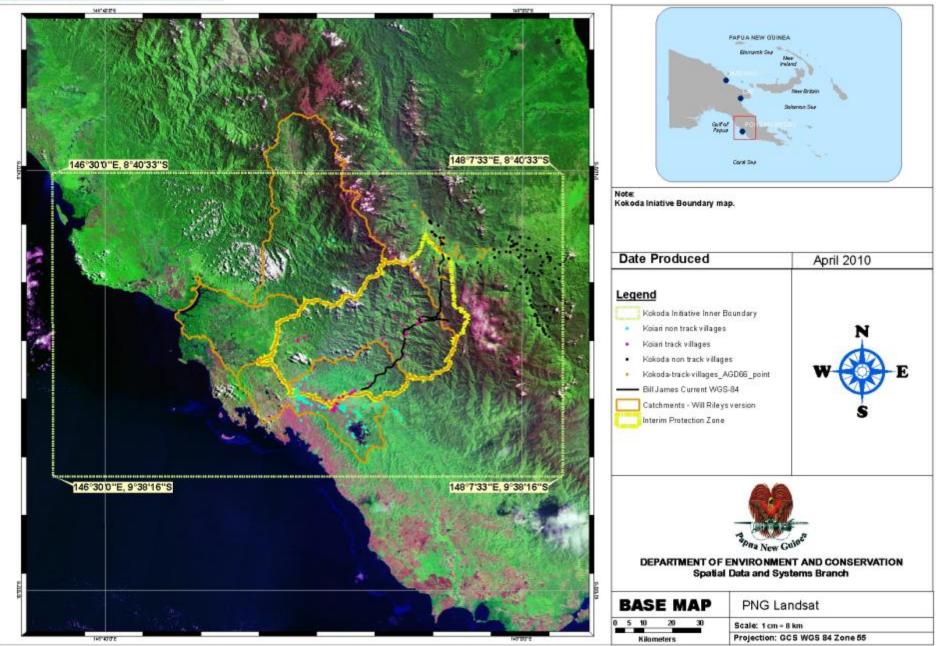
Multi-swath mosaicking and application of Lidar ground measurements results in considerable improvement over single-swath accuracy.

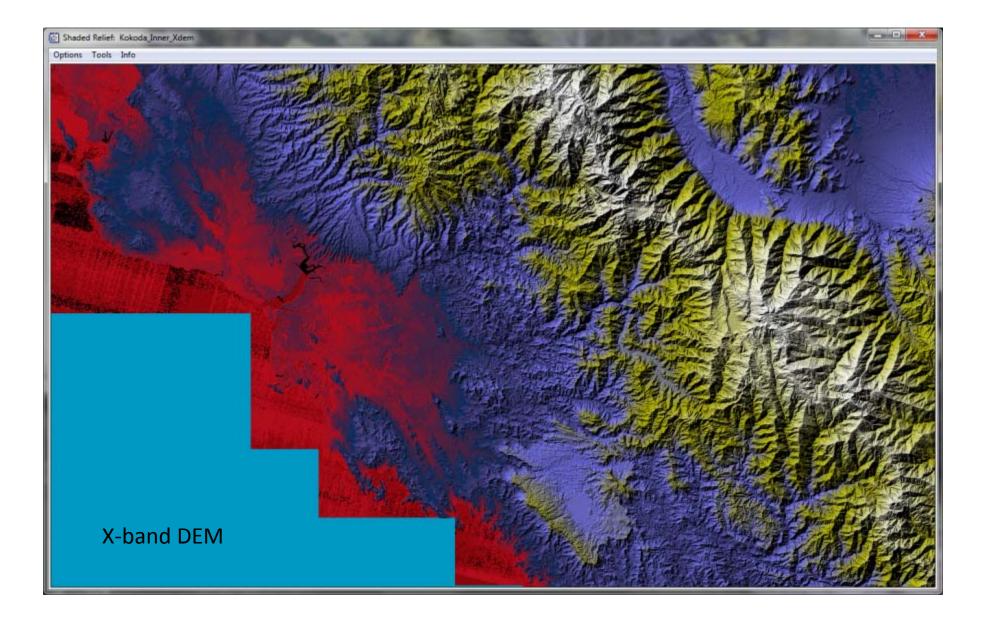
Project AXIS- Papua New Guinea

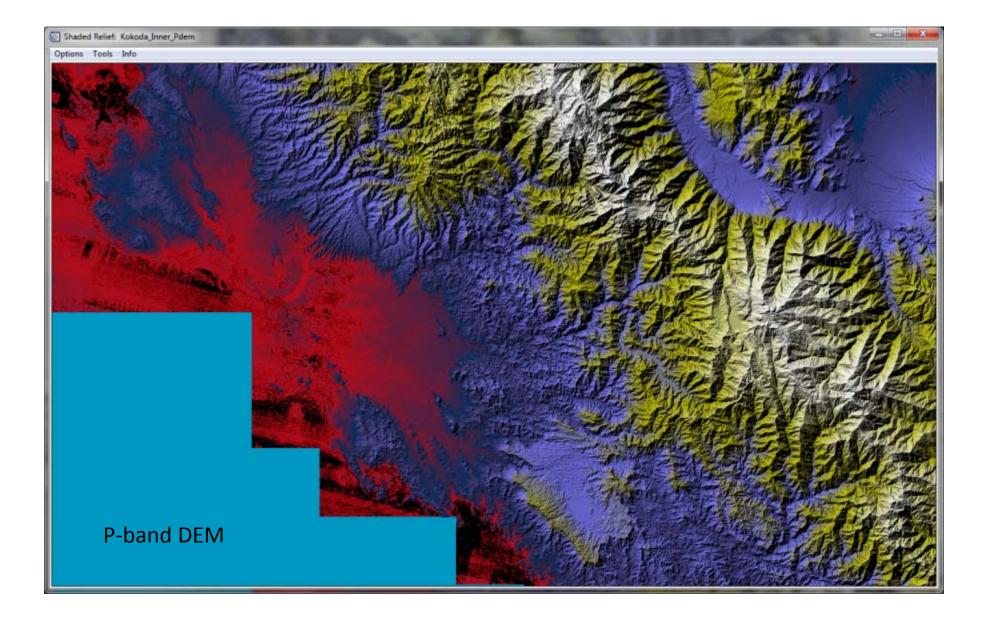


15' x 15' Map Quads

KOKODA INITIATIVE BOUNDARY

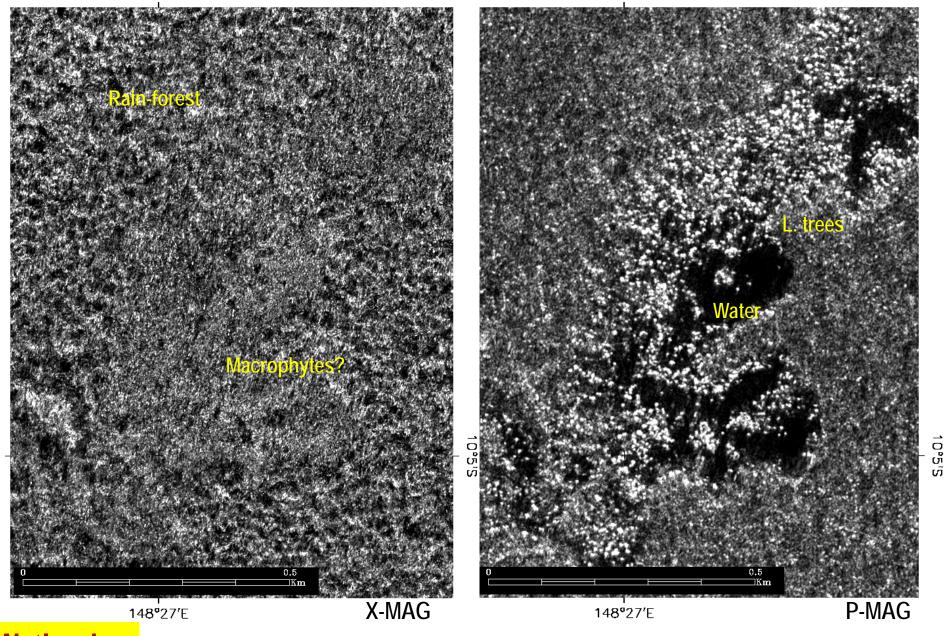






Trees occupying a wetland site



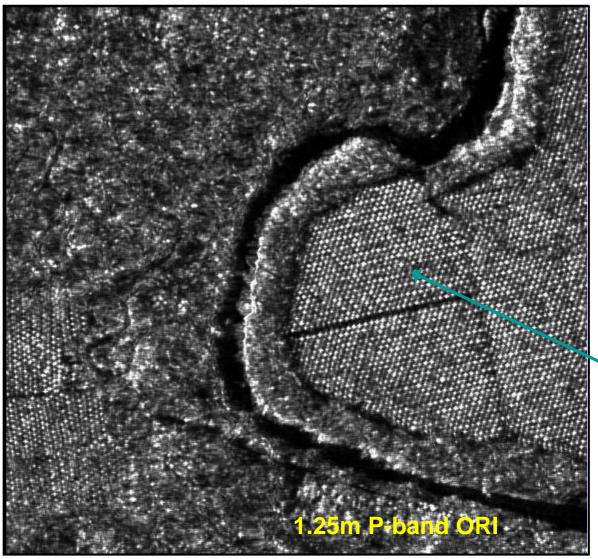


Wetlands

148°27′E

Airborne GeoSAR Xand P band





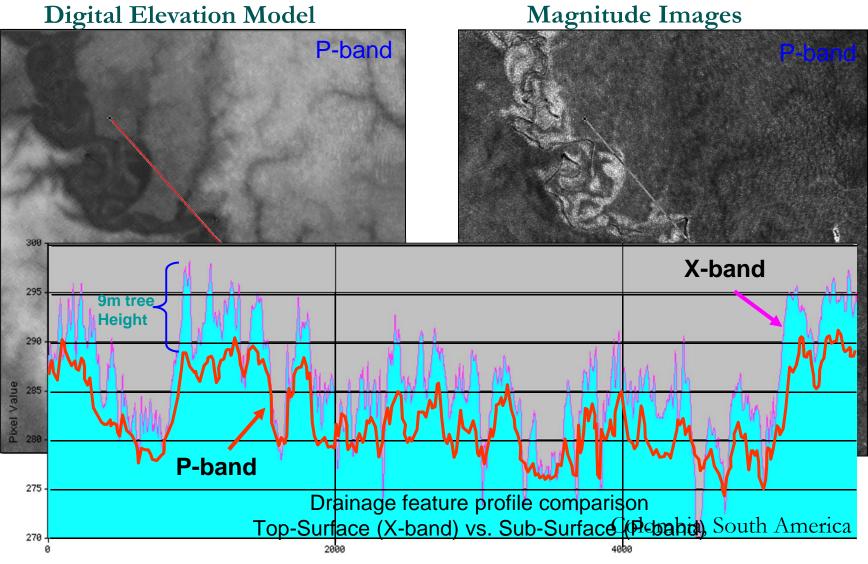
1.25m X- and P-band Radar Images

Orchards and trails, irrigation patters, drainages exposed in Pband

Capable of counting trees in orchards

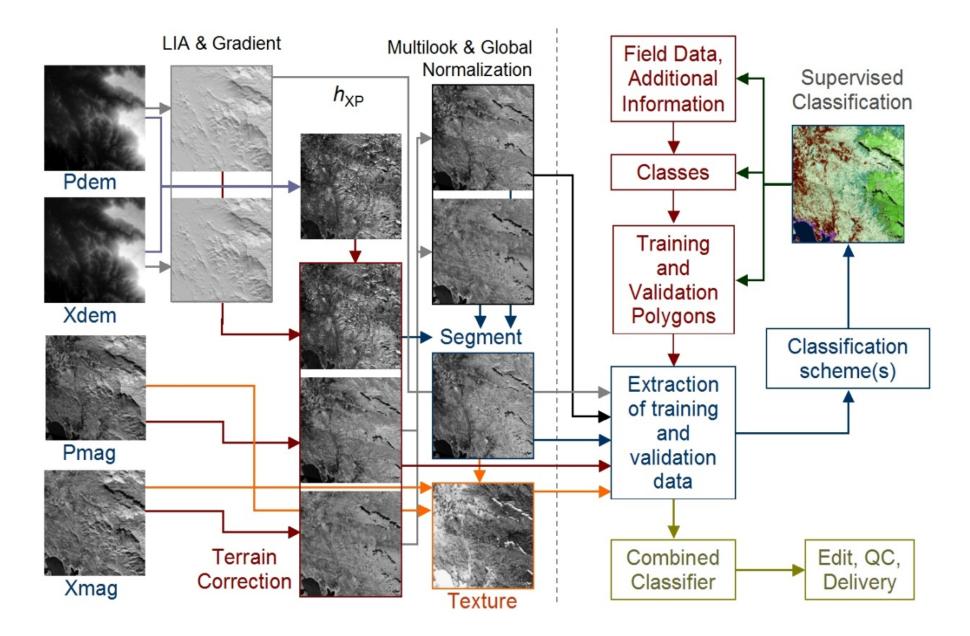
Papua New Guinea

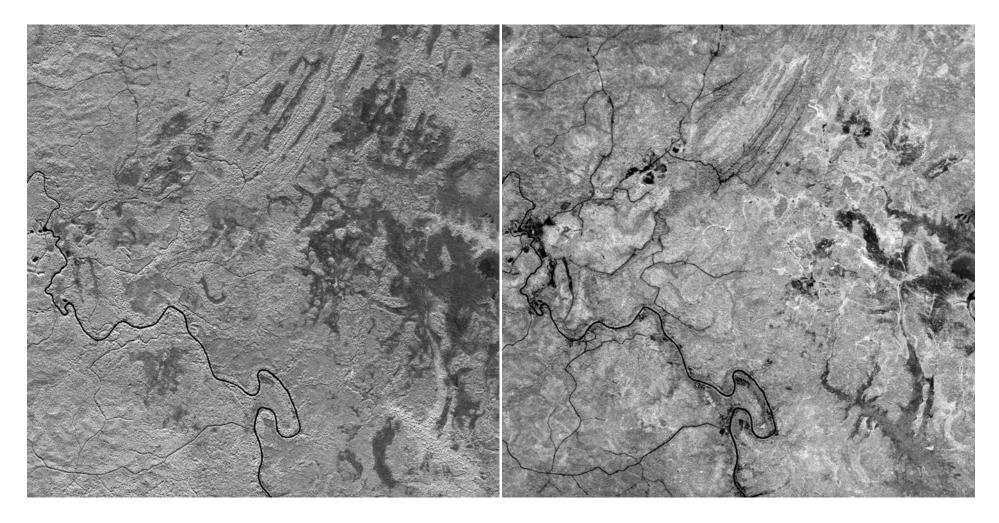
Airborne GeoSAR Xand P band



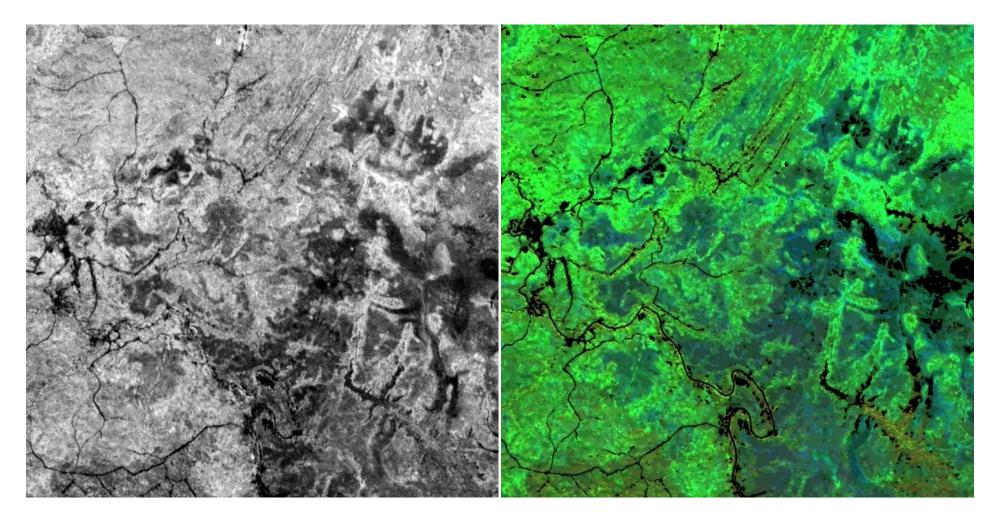
Distance (meters)

Forest and land cover classification

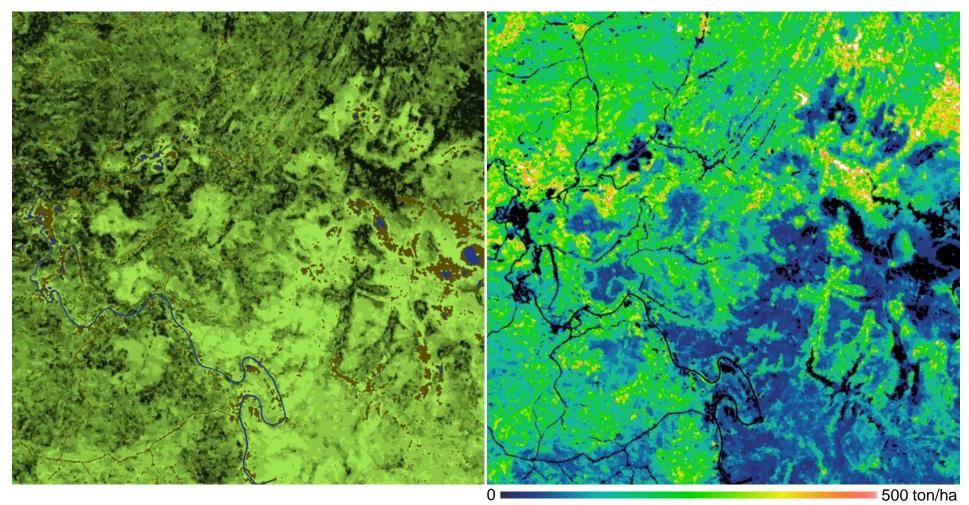




 Left: X-band magnitude, right: P-band magnitude. The area is ~25,000ha. Data from Papua New Guinea collection

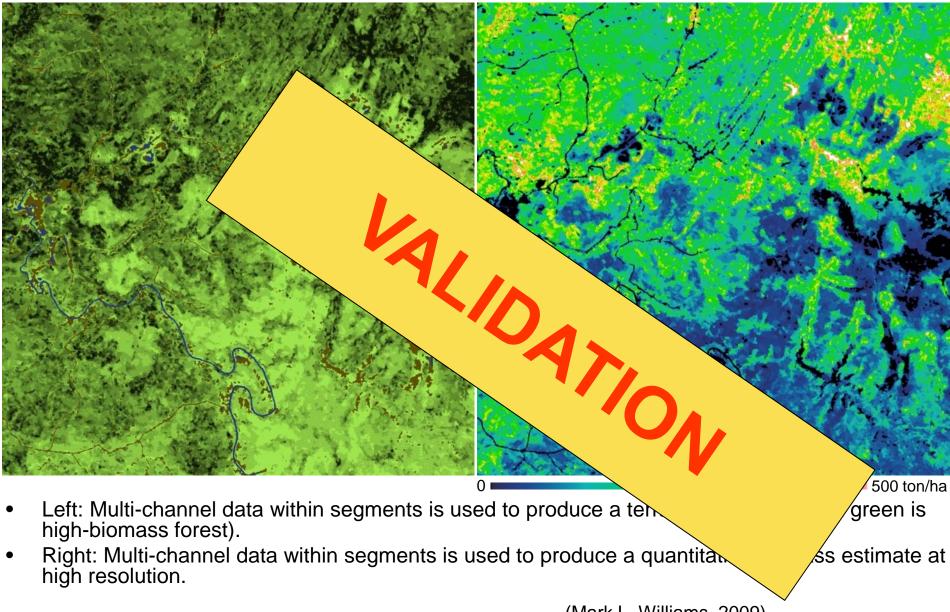


- Left: X-band P-band interferometric height, h_{int} , is a surrogate vegetation height.
- Right: (R:X, G:*h*_{int}, B:P) for forested areas.



- Left: Multi-channel data within segments is used to produce a terrain class map (dark green is high-biomass forest).
- Right: Multi-channel data within segments is used to produce a quantitative biomass estimate at high resolution.

(Mark L. Williams, 2009)



(Mark L. Williams, 2009)



Kokoda Track and Owen Stanley Ranges Conservation Initiative: Remote Sensing Pilot Project

Progress Report Presentation Slides December 2010

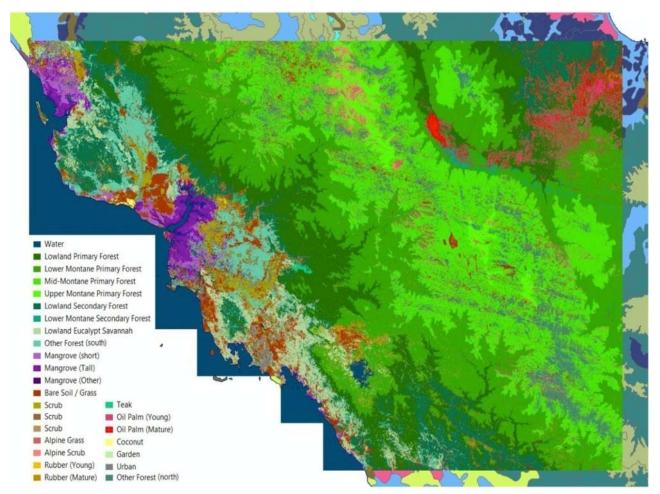
Prof. A K Milne Dr I Tapley Dr J Fox Ms A I Yohannan Dr M L Williams



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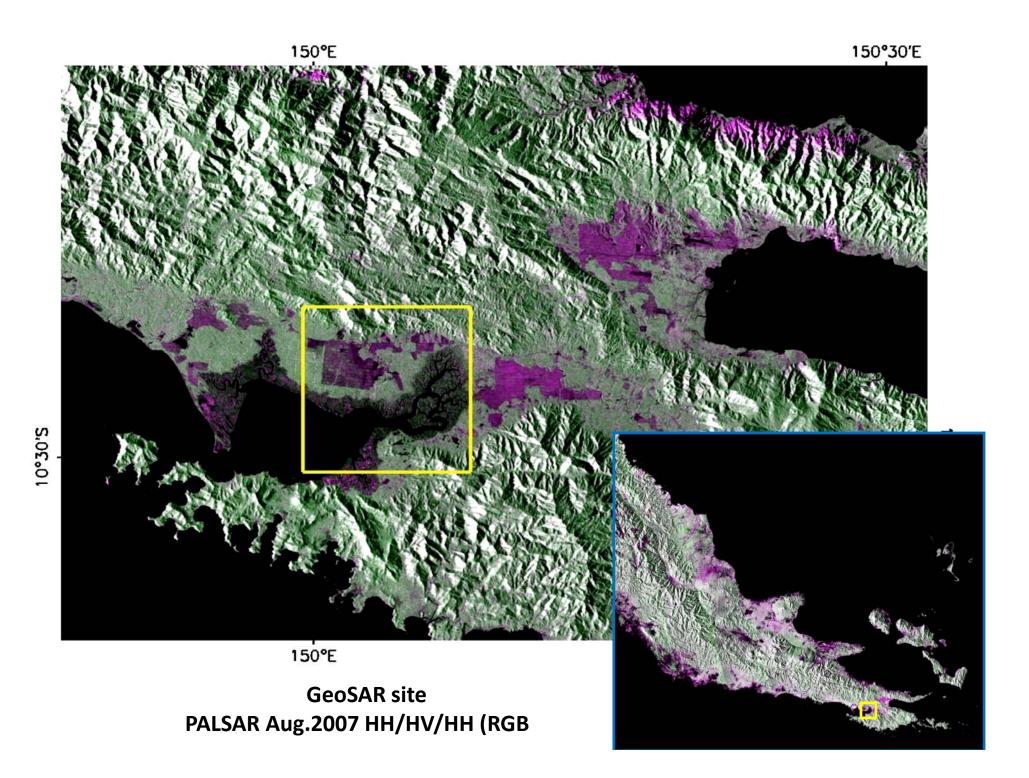
mark.williams@physics.org

Kokoda Area Classification



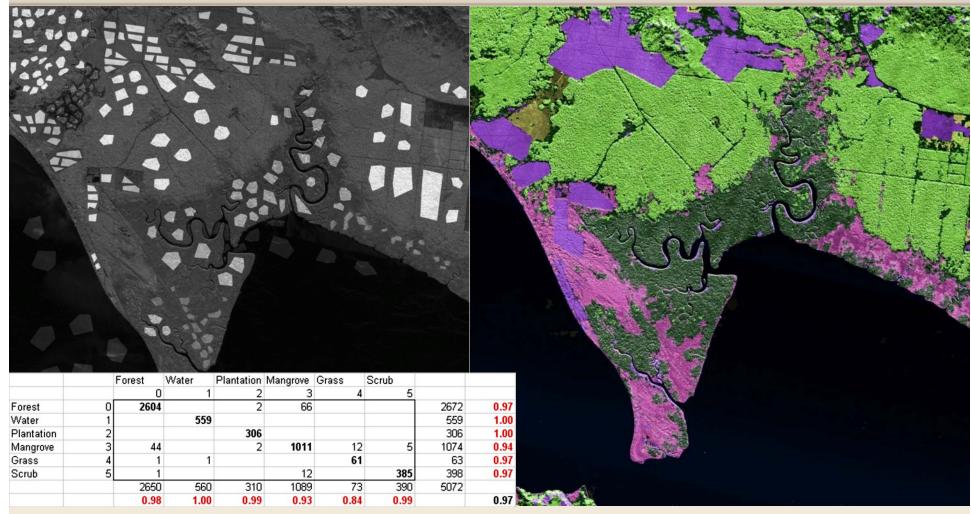
Land cover classification for the inner Kokoda AOI derived using a variety of ground data, auxiliary data and the 2006 GeoSAR data.

Shown in the background is the low resolution 1:250,000 land cover map from 1995 provided by Dr Julian Fox which up until today was the best reference for land cover in the inner Kokoda AOI.



Kokoda: Supervised Classification

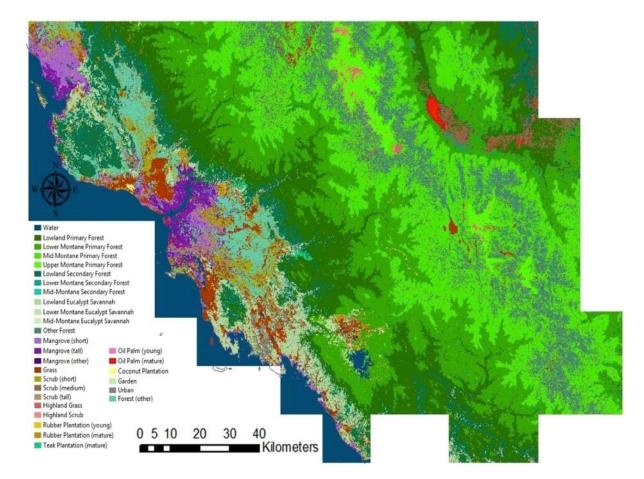




- Left: training and validation set, right: class map on X-band.
- Overall 97% accuracy with 6 classes using segmentation CART/GLCM methods.

www.fugroearthdata.com

PALSAR Classification 2007



PALSAR Classification 2007 and 2010

